WILMINGTON JOURNAL: Published every Friday Morning, by PRICE & FULTON, Proprietors.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:

250 a-year, in advance, or \$3.00 if not paid within three months after subscribing.

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Subscribers wishing their paper discontinued at the said of their subscription year, unust have no in full and of their subscription year, must pay up in full and the proprietors two weeks notice, otherwise the termile becontinued and charged for according to the ove terms. We will pay the postage on letters containing Three bollars and upwards, and money may be remitted hough the mail at our risk. The Postmaster's cer-ificate of such remittance shall be a sufficient receipt Eretor.

[13-All Letters on business connected with this ofic, must be addressed [post paid] to Price & Fulton.

OUR CIRCULATION. We mean to keep the following paragraph stanor the benefit of all whom it may concern: ADVERTISING -We would commend the following ADVERTISING.—We would commend the lollowing facts to the attention of the advertising community. The "Wilmington Journal" circulates upwards of 12 general copies weekly. Its circulation in the town of Wilmington is as large as that of any other paper published in the place. We would further state that its last times cheaper, pleasanter, and warranted superior to any sold. It cures diseases without vomiting, purging, sickening, or debilitating the patient.

The great beauty and superiority of this Sarsaparilla over all other remedies is, while it eradicates disease, it invigorates the body. regulation in the counties which trade to this place is IT HAS PERFORMED MORE THAN 15,000 CURES THIS YEAR. THREE TIMES as large as that of any other paper published in North Carolina, and that its list is daily increasing. We say, therefore, without the fear of contradiction. that it is the best vehicle for advertising which the peo-

Post Office, Wilmington. ORTHERN MAIL, by Rail Road, due daily at 9 A. M.

nly at S A. M., and closes at 92 A. M. every day. FAYETTEVILLE MAIL, by Rail Road, is due on Mondays Wednesdays and Fridays, at 3 P. M., and closes on same

Thursday at 6 P. M. and closes same night at 10.

Onslow Mall. Via Topsail Sound, Stump Sound Smed's Ferry, Jacksonville to Richlands, and returns are Bannerman's, is due every Monday at 4 P. M., and closes every Thursday night at 10 P. M.

In the seed of th closes every Thursday night at 10 P. M.

DRENTENG OF EVERY DESCRIPTION. Neatly executed and with despatch, on liberal terms for cash, at the JOURNAL OFFICE.

DAVID FULTON. ATTORNEY AT LAW

WILMINGTON, N. C. Mrs. C. M. Price,

Fashionable Drefs Maker, WILMINGTON, N. C.

Commission and Forwarding MERCHANT,

DAVIS'S WHARF, South Water Street, WILMINGTON, N. C.

LOHIM D' POAM CABINET FURNITURE,

BEDSTEADS, CHAIRS, MATRESSES, &c., ROCK SPRING, Wilmington, N. C.

Cronly, Walker & Hall, AUCTIONEERS AND CO.M.MISSION MERCHANTS. Wilmington, N. C.

K. DICKINSON, Esq., Messes. HALL & ARMSTRONG, JOHN A. TAYLOR, Esq., JOHN WALKER, ESQ. October 15th, 1817.

MYEKS & BARNUM,

Manufacturers & Dealers in HATS AND CAPS.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL, MARKET STREET-Wilmington, N. C.

D. CASHWELL,

GENERAL AGENT

COMMISSION MERCHANT,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DER TESTEDENT SECTION

AND DEALERS IN

mington, N. C. October 8, 1817-[4

WM. A. GWYER, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

COMMISSION MERCHANT, North Water Street, Wilmington, N. C.

N. Disnnow, Esq., New York. Ron't G. RANKIN, Esq., Wilmington, N. C. October 29, 1847.

Thos. Allibone & Co. GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

No. 8, South Wharves, PHILADELPHIA.

Advances made on consignments. Refer to Messrs. DEROSSET, BROWN & Co., Wilmington, N. C.

[6-1y]HOLMES & HAWES, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS

IN ALL KINDS OF hy Goods, Groceries, Hardware, & Cutlery,

Wilmington Iournal.

DAVID PULTON, EDITOR.

VOL. 4.--NO. 39.

Spring and Summer Medicine.

Dr. Townsend's Sarsaparilla. THE MOST EXTRAORDINARY MEDICINE IN 1,000 cures of Ricumatism.
1.000 cures of Dyspepsia:
2.500 cures of general debility, and want of nervous

3.000 Female complaints and over;

ber of the New Jersey Legislature, late of the United States Navy, has kindly sent us the following certificate.

Assurances for terms of years a

Rahway, January 25, 1847.

A year since I was taken with the influenza and my whole system left in a debilitated state. I was miduced to try Dr. Townsend's Sarsaparilla, and after taking two or three bottles I was very much relieved, and attributed it entirely to the said Sarsaparilla. I have continued taking it, and find that I improve every day. I believe it saved my life, and would not be without it under any consideration.

Rahway, January 25, 1847.

Persons insured for life, can, at once, borrow half amount of annual premiums, and claim the same privilege for five successive years, on their own note and deposit of policy.

Part of the capital is permanently invested in the United States, in the names of three of the consideration.

The Editor - John Jackson, Esq., Editor of the Ral way Republican, published the above certificate, and remarked in an editorial as follows: The success of Dr. Townsend's preparation of Sorsa-parilla appears to be of the most extraordinary character. We publish to-day two certificates in its behalf, end closes at 9½ P. M. every day.

TAYLOR'S BRIDGE, LONG CREEK, MOORE'S CREEK, BLACK
RIVER CHAPEL, and HARRELL'S STORE MAIL, is due every

THREE CHILDREN.

Dr. Townsend—Dear Sir: 1 have the pleasure to inform you that three of my children have been cured of the Scrofula by the use of your excellent medicine. They were afflicted very severely with bad sores; have taken only four botties; it took them away, for which I feel myself under deep obligation. Yours respectfully, ISAAC W. CRAIN, 106 Wooster street. New York, March 1, 1847.

RHEUMATISM & THE FILES.

September 10, 1846.

Dr. Townsend—Dear Sir: My wife has been for several years afflicted with rheumatism. She has tried many different remedies to obtain some relief, but all to no ny different remedies to obtain some relief, but all to no purpose. She was finally induced, by seeing your advertisement, to give your sarsaparilla a trial. We procured some of it from your agent (Mr. Van Buskirk) and it gives me pleasure to state that after using it she experienced great relief, and was in a very short time perfectly cured. I was also (tegether with a man in my employ) hadly troubled with piles, and by using a small quantity of your Sarsaparilla, our complaint was completely cured. I consider it one of the best of medicines, and would advise all who are afflicted to give it a trial. Questract first door North of the Odd Fellows's School, and would advise all who are afflicted to give it a trial.

of others in all parts of the lanted States, are continually sending certificates and informing us of the benefits derived from Dr. Townsend's Sarsaparilla.

Dr. Townsend—Sir: Some time since you requested my opinion of the virtues of your compound Syrup of Sarsaparilla; I am now prepared to give it. Linve used it in my practice and prescribed it for the last few months, and musi give it my decided preference over anything of the kind with which I am acquainted, both as to its medical virtues and the reasonable wices. as to its medical virtues and the reasonable price at which you sell it. In scrofulous affections, cutaneous eruptions generally, dyspepsia, indigestion, costive habits, and liver complaints, I am much pleased with its effects. In these complaints, or any other where scrofueffects. In these complaints, or any other where scrotinia is indicated, I can with confidence recommend it to the patronage of the profession as a valuable auxiliary for removing diseases in some of its most troublesome torms, and to all, as a safe and valuable medicine.

Brooklyn, Nov. 21, 1846. BENJ, WEEKS, M. D. Dr. Townsend—Dear Sir: Having for some time past been afflicted with a pulmonary affection on my lungs, and a continual pain in my side, owing to evening exposure in travelling after preaching, and finding my disease to increase, with much difficulty of breathing and other alarming symptoms, I was advised by a clergyman, a friend of mine, to try your celebrated Sarsaporilla. I did so, and after taking two or three bottles I found myself relieved. My appetite has been restored. I find myself much stronger, and hope very soon to resume my usual duties. I have been so greatly benefitted by your excellent medicine, I feel it my duty to make known the facts for the benefit of others who may be laboring under the same difficulties that I have been for known the facts for the benefit of others who may be laboring under the same difficulties that I have been for some time rast. Yours, respectfully, SAM, WHITE, Nov. 22, 1846.] Pastor of Baptist Church, Staten Island. ALMOST A MIRACLE.

Read the following, and doubt if you can, that consumption cannot be cured. This is only one of the several hundred cases that Townsend's Sursaparilla has cured:

Brooklyn, Sept. 14, 1840.

Dr. Townsend—Dear Sir: I was taken, a little over a vegrago, with a severe cough and a pain in my side. It year ago, with a severe cough and a pain in my side. It increased on me very fast, indeed. I was pronounced by physicians to have the quick consumption. I raised large quantities of bad matter, had night sweats, and sinking very fast: my doctor said he could do nothing for me. I went into the haspital in happed happed being being which they have received, beg leave to an-

for me. I went into the hospital in hope of being hene-fitted, but was pronounced there as incurable. I was now greatly distressed at the lungs and could hardly breathe; I soon became emaciated, and expected to die; was confined to my bed, and was obliged to have watch. was confined to my bed, and was obliged to have water es; indeed I cannot give you any description that would do justice to my case. I was supposed by my friends to be past recovery; I had tried a great number of rem-edies, and all seemed to be to no purpose. I read of some most extracidinary cures performed by your me-dicine, and to tell you the truth. I suspected there was some humbug in them. But I was induced to try it; I did so, and am very thankful I did. I cannot say that I was entirely well, but am sofar recovered as to be about Will make liberal cash advances on all consignwill make neeral cash advances on an consignations of Timber, Lymber, Naval Stores, &c.
Wilmington, N. C., Sept 24, 1847—2-tf

LIPPITT & WILLKINGS,

wholesale and rest but very little, and am 1881 gaining my usual strength. I telt it a duty to give you a statement of my case, to publish if you please.

PETER BROWN, 47 Little-street, Brooklyn.

GREAT FEMALE MEDICINE. Dr. Townsend's Sarsaparilla is sovereign and speedy cure for incipies teonsumption, barrennes sleucorrhada, or whites, obstructed or difficult menstruation, incon-Paints, Dils, Dye Stuffs, Window Glass,
Garden Sceds, Perfumery, Patent
Mediclues, &c. &c.,
On Front street, between Market and Dock, two
doors North of Messrs. Hart & Polley's, Wilmington, N. C.

On Window Glass,
On Front street, between Market and Dock, two
doors North of Messrs. Hart & Polley's, Wilmington, N. C.

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doors North of Messrs. Hart & Polley's, Wilmington, N. C.

On Front street, between Market and Dock, two
doors North of Messrs. Hart & Polley's, Wilmington, N. C. which is the great cause of barrenness.

It will not be expected of us, in cases of so delicate a nature, to exhibit certificates of cures performed, but we can assure the afflicted that hundreds of cases have

been reported to us. Several cases where families have been without children, after using a few bottles of this invaluable medicine, have been blessed with healthy offsprings.

Dr Townsend: My wife being greatly distressed by weakness and general debility, and suffering continually by pain and a sensation of bearing down, falling of the womb, and with other difficulties, and having known cases where your medicine has effected great cures, and also hearing it recommended for such cases as I have described. I obtained a bottle of Extract of Sarsaparilla, and followed the directions you gave me. In a short time it removed her complaints and restored her to health. Being gra'eful for the benefits she received, I take pleasure in thus acknowledging it, & recommending it to the public. M. D. MOORE, cor of Grand Albany, Aug. 17, 1844.]

Dr. Townsend.—To all whom this may concern: This is to certify, that my wife used one bettle of your Sarsaparilla previous to her confinement, under the most alarming and delicate circumstances, being troubled with the dropsy, swelling of the feet, nervous affections, and very much debilitred. With my persuasion, and the recommendation of those who had used it, she was induced to try it, with little or no faith; and suffice it to say, the medicine had the happy and desired effect, not only in the hours of confinement, but after the expiration of one week of its use, the dropsy and nervous affection gave way to an astonishing degree, and her health is now better than it had been for a long time previous. If this will be of any service to you, or any who doubts the success of the medicine, you are entirely welcome to it. I subscribe myself your most obedient and obliged servant, Isprings. Dr. Townsend: My-wife being greatly distressed by

OPINIONS OF PHYSICIANS

OPINIONS OF PHASICIANS.

Dr. Townsend is almost daily receiving orders from physicians in different parts of the Union

This is to certify that we, the undersigned physicians of the city of Albany, have in numerous cases prescribed Dr. Townsend's Sarsaparilla, and believe it to be any of the most valuable. one of the most valuable preparations of the Sarsapa

Druggists and Chemists. the glass.

GOD, OUR COUNTRY, AND LIBERTY.

WILMINGTON, N. C., FRIDAY, JUNE 9, 1848.

LIFE INSURANCE!

NATIONAL LOAN FUND

Life Assurance Society of London. A Savings Bank for the benefit of the Orphan "and the Widow." [EMPOWERED BY ACT OF PARLIAMENT.]

Beside a reserved fund (from surplus premiums) of about \$185,000.

T. LAMIE MURRAY, Esq., George street, Hanover-square, Chairman of the Court of Di-

rectors in London.

fits. and the conversion of his interests to meet of the "early pioneers" of that immense wes-

half amount of annual premiums, and claim the territory and about twenty thousand people.

Local Directors, as Trustees-available always to the assured in case of disputed claims (should any such arise,) or otherwise.

The payments of premiums half-yearly or quarterly, at a trifling advance upon the annual rate. No charge for stamp duty. Thirty days allowed after each payment of premium becomes due, without forfeiture of policy.

Travelling leave extensive and liberal, and ex-

Those assured for whole term of life are allowed to cross to and from Europe in steamships or first took his part in the business of the day. He class sailing packets free of extra premium, ex- draughted the law which arrested the traitorcept during the WINTER, when \$1 on each cover ous designs of Burr, and introduced an address

cess and increased prosperity of the Society has States, and their confidence in that illustrious enabled the Directors, at the last annual investi- man. In March, 1807, he was appointed by gation, to declare a fourth bonus, varying from 35 Mr. Jefferson, Marshal of Ohio. In the exeto 85 per cent, on premiums paid on each policy cution of the duties of that office, in the busieffected on the profit scale.

TORS-(Chief Office for America, 74 Wall-street) sided, he passed his time until 1812. Then -New York-Jacob Harvey, Esq., Chairman; our difficulties with England assumed a por-John J. Palmer, Esq., Jonathan Goodhue, Esq.: tentous aspect. Her multiplied aggressions James Boorman, Esq; George Barclay, Esq; left us no recourse but war; and the states-Samuel S. Howland, Esq.; Gorham A. Worth, men of the day prepared for it with firmness Esq.; Samuel M. Fox, Esq.; William Van Hook, As one of the preparatory arrangements it.

Lt. Colonel Johnson, and accomponied it in Jackson to take charge of the War Depart-

T. Richardson, Esq., General Acountant, for the Luited States and British N. A. Colonies. Market st Newark.

As well as thousands United States and British N. A. Colonies. Omited States and British N. A. Colomies.

Medical Examiners. New York--J. Kearney
Rodgers, M. D., 110 Bleecker-street; Alexander

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Medical Examiners. New York--J. Kearney

Medical E Rodgers, M. D., 110 Bleecker-street; Alexander E. Hosack, M. D., 101 Franklin-st., S. S. Keene, at Tippecanoe, was assigned to him. To this M. D. 290 Fourth st.

Standing Counsel—Wm. Van Hook, Esq., 39 patriotism was known, the citizens of that 3 o'clock, P. M., daily. Fee paid by the Society.) unteers. As soon as this demand upon their Wall-st.

Bankers-The Merchants' Bank. Solicitor-John Hone, Esq., 11 Pinc-st. benefit o married women, passed by the Legisla- ment. He proceeded immediately with his ture of New York, 1st April, 1840.

Pamphlets, blank forms, tables of rates, lists of centrated, and whence it commenced its march agents, &c. &c., obtained at the Chief Office, 74 for Detroit. The country was a trackless for Wall-st., or from either of the Agents throughout est, and much of it was low and wet. Great the United States, and British North American difficulties were interposed to the advance of Colonies. J. LEANDER STARR, Gen. Ag't. the troops by the streams and marshes, and TThe undersigned will cheerfully give all

desired information in regard to the above institution. They will receive and forward applica tions for Insurance.

DEROSSET, BROWN & CO., Ag'ts. Wilmington, N. C., 26th Nov., 1847. 11-1y

NEW CHEAP CASH STORE, First Door in R. W. Brown's New Buildings, on Front Street, a few Doors

from Market Street. THE subscribers, thankful for the liberal panounce to the citizens of Wilmington and surrounding country, that they are now receiving a large and general supply of SPRING and SUM-

Superfine blue and black, Cravats and Stocks; Broad Cloths; Carpeting, a good supply; Irish Linen & Lawns; Bl'k & fancy Cassimeres; Bleached and brown Blue, black and gold!

mixed Kentucky Jeans, Checks; Bl'k satin and fancy Ves | Table & birdeye Diapers;

tings; 8-4 brown damask do 8-4 white do do Marseilles Vesting; White and plaid Linen Damask Table Covers; Brown and Slate Linen | Gingham Umbrellas; | er some distance above the enemy's post, and Fancy, plaid, and striped

Cotton Drill; FOR LADIES WEAR. New style of plaid Silks; Crape Lisse; do Colored Tarleton; Silk;

do Plaid & striped do Plain black French Robes; Bonnets, new style; do Habbits; do Collars; Ginghams, well assort'd; Muslin Skirts;

Lawns: Colored Borages; Black Silk Wary do Borage Shawls; do Scarfs; Ladies Cravats;

Silk & Cotton Parasols; sels; Together with a variety of other articles too nu-Silk & Cotton Parasols;

confident that we can offer better bargains than they ever had offered in this market. JOHN KYLE & CO.

Wilmington, N. C., March 31, 1848-3-y

To Planters!

GEN. LEWIS CASS. Lewis Cass was born at Exeter, in New Hampshire, on the 9th day of October, 1782. His father, Major Jonathan Cass, was a soldier of the revolution, who enlisted as a private the day after the battle of Lexington. He served Capital L500,000 Sterling, or \$2,500,0001 in the army till the close of the war, and was in all the important battles in the eastern and middle States, where he was distinguished for his valor and good conduct, and attained the We say, therefore, which is the best vehicle for advertising which the peothet it is the best vehicle for advertising which the peothet it is the best vehicle for advertising which the peothet it is the best vehicle for advertising which the peothet it is the best vehicle for advertising which the peothet it is the best vehicle for advertising which the peothet it is the best vehicle for advertising which the peothet it is the best vehicle for advertising which the peothet it is the best vehicle for advertising which the peothet it is the best vehicle for advertising which the peothet it is the best vehicle for advertising which the peothet it is the best vehicle for advertising which the peothet it is the best vehicle for advertising which the peothet it is the best vehicle for advertising which the peothet is the best vehicle for advanced and for the station. Physicians and over the busing the course of the whip parts of the United States, informing as of extraordinal Physicians and over the peothet is rank of captain. He was afterwards a major tern region, which has already risen to such Assurances for terms of years at the lowest pos- a magnitude in our own days, and is destined to attain one so much greater hereafter. The country north of the Ohio then contained one

> Mr. Cass bore his full share in the toils, privations, and dangers to which the defence the United States, in the names of three of the primitive forest to the happy abodes of civiliof a new country, and its conversion from a zed man, are necessarily exposed. He read law at Marietta, and was admitted to the bar before the close of the territorial government. He commenced the practice, and, as was the custom then, visited the courts in a large district of country, travelling on horseback, and encountering many difficulties unknown to the

nembers of the bar at the present day. In 1806, he was elected a member of the legislature of Ohio, and during the session he insured will be required for each passage to \$400 to Mr. Jefferson, which was unanimously adopted, expressing the attachment of the peo-DIVISION OF PROFITS .- The remarkable suc- ple of Ohio to the Constitution of the United ness of his profession, and in the occupation UNITED STATES BOARD OF LOCAL DIREC- of a farm in Muskingum county, where he re-Esq.; Samuel M Fox, Esq.; William Van Hook,
As one of the preparatory arrangements, it

Esq.: C. Edward Habicht, Esq.

Lt. Colonel Johnson, and accomponied it in Jackson to take charge of the war Departs
a very audacious unfairness of argument, its charge upon the British line. It was a ment, and his removal from Michigan Territoa very audacious unfairness of argument, when contrasted Esq.; C. Edward Habicht, Esq.

Was determined to march a considerable force dangerous experiment to charge a line of district ry was marked by a universal expression of which is rather amusing, when contrasted to the porthwestern frontier to be ready for of an armitement to charge a line of district ry was marked by a universal expression of which is rather amusing, when contrasted at Tippecanoe, was assigned to him. To this (Medical Examiners attend at 74 Wall st., at | were to be added three regiments of Ohio vol-State hastened to the call of their country, and the force was raised without delay or difficulty. Mr. Cass was among the volunteers, and An Act in respect to insurance for lives for the was elected to the command of the third regi-

regiment to Dayton, where the army was confor the U. States & B. N. A. Colonies. by the necessity of cutting a road. But these were overcome with the usual good will and perseverance of the American soldiers. The army reached Detroit on the 4th of July, 1812. Official information that war would be declared, overtook them in the wilderness; but the declaration itself was not received until they reached Detroit. Col. Cass was perhaps more urgent for an invasion of Canada than any officer in Hull's army. He was decidedly in favor of making an early and decisive movement, before the British should be prepared for the invasion. We conceive it to be no dis-

Shirting; administration and the country, that he comcountry. On the 15th of July he was ordered to attack a British detachment stationed at the river Aux Canards, about fifteen miles from Detroit, and five miles from Fort Malden, then Drill; 30, 32, & 34 inch Scotch | the British headquarters. He crossed the riv-Drill; Silk & Cotton pocket | briskly attacked them; when, after some loss, they fled. Here was spilt the first blood during the last war. Col. Cass took possession of the abandoned position, and immediately despatched a messenger to Gen. Hull, informing him of his success, and advising him to Colored, plaid, & striped Swiss, Mull and Book march immediately to Fort Malden—the road to which was opened. Had this been done, success must have crowned the operation, and ver. He was, however, sadly disappointed by Bombazine, large supply; Jaconet and Cambric do; the war, in that quarter, would have been o-

Bonnet & Cap Ribbons; the indecision of Hull, who ordered him to re-Wreaths and Flowers; turn and join the army. From this moment bad counsels prevailed, the army lost all con-Black and colored silk fidence in Hull, and he proceeded in his own Fringe; course, regardless of the advice or remonstrance Ladies col'd Kid Gloves, of his officers. About three weeks after the Plain and plaid Alpacca; do do silk do affair at the Canards, the whole army was or-Black & white English dered across the river to Detroit; in which silk Hose; time, had Col. Cass's advice been taken, Mal-Bl'k, colored, and white lodgment made in Upper Canada. The order attacked him with the but-end, and was killed to France, and immediately resigned his post long ment made in Upper Canada. The order after a short conflict Cotton Hose; of Hull to return was not less unexpected to

The Manus formerity occupied by Z. Latimer, A. Cullerry, and State-stand formerly occupied by Z. Latimer, Polancy II, 1843.

The Plantor S. Lineary of the Manus and the State general that spirit of patriotism which breathes sufficient proof of the wisdom of his adminis-in every line of the admirable paper, but in tration.

Harrision commenced his movement in Sepmouth of Portage river, whence they moved, Ontario. The American army immediately threats or insults. commenced the pursuit, and after capturing On arriving at Green Bay, in 1827, for the son and justice. two small detachments, which offered some purpose of forming a treaty, Governor Cass In 1841 arose the well-known question

self unequal to his command. and his left rested upon the river Thames, preter, he went up to the encampment, where while his right extended into the woods, ter- he found them in warlike mood, and determin- of nations would be established, and our flag. minating in a marsh. This flank was occu- ed not to treat. Threats and entreaties were among others, prostrated at the feet of Engpied by the Indians, who it was intended alike unavailing with this exasperated tribe. land. This treaty was negotiated and actualshould turn the American left wing and attain He left them and returned to his canoe. As ly signed by the ministers of the five powersthe rear. The army moved so rapidly that he turned to go to the river, a young warrior those of England, France, Russia, Prussia, and many of the troops were left behind, and a raised his gun, and taking deliberate aim at Austria-before the nature of the transaction small portion only of Gen. Cass's command him, pulled the trigger; but providentially the was fully understood by the world. It bewas in the battle: they were stationed imme- gun missed fire. This is the only instance of came disclosed before the ratifications were diately in front of the enemy's artillery, violence ever offered to him during the long exchanged with the French government, which commanded the road, with directions to period of his intercourse with the Indians. General Cass published a pamphlet which encharge upon it as soon as the action commen- He proceeded immediately to Prairie du Chien, tered deeply into the whole matter, and which gether with Commodore Perry, to assist Gen'l them in a condition of defence, and returned to extensively circulated upon the continent. It Harrison; and at the moment of the charge of the treaty ground. By his prompt and ener- awakened the public attention, and created a Colonel Johnson's regiment, which decided getic movements he prevented extensive hos- great sensation even in England. The Lonthe fate of the day, General Cass took a posi- tilities, the end of which no man could know. don Times, in announcing it, said : ciplined British soldiers by undisciplined into confusion, and threw down their arms, of Gen Jackson's administration have now sented a protest to the French government ahappy to escape with their lives. The British passed into history. It was bold, prompt, hon- gainst the ratification of the treaty. In doing

tle General Cass bore a prominent part, fully the deposites, of nullification, of the French the feelings of the American government and

conspicuous at the landing of the troops upon subjects, though it is difficult now to realize that my mission is terminated."

Gen. Harrison, in his report of the battle of the Thames, dated Oct. 9, 1813, says: "I have already stated, that General Cass the Canards; after which, it is known, he officer of the highest promise, and the appear. him that, "should, unfortunately, a crisis a- this treaty, have any wish to compel the Udisapproved of every step taken by the com-

manding general. There can now be no doubt that Hull's army never would have entered Canada but for the persuasions of Col. Cass. So anxious was he to push forward and do culties or importance of the command. The acting." something to meet the just expectations of the tant civil offices within the gift of the Execu- 29, 1833:

hostility by British agents.

these excursions in the forests in pursuit of with legal process against yourself, or an offithe Indians. General Cass's servant, who cer or soldier of your garrison, you will freely for more than half a century, she had not failrode immediately in his rear, had a personal admit him within your post, and allow him to ed in any great object of her policy, her pride rencontre with an Indian, who started from execute his writ undisturbed." behind a tree, and having discharged his rifle, In 1836, Gen. Cass was appointed Minister journals, therefore, were filled with the sub-

Edgings and Insertings;

Fancy spring and sum
Cotton Hose;

Fancy spring and sum
Cotton Hose;

Fancy spring and sum
Cotton Hose;

Cotton mer prints: Clasps, Beads, and Tas- at Detroit, without a shot being fired, over- of things. The executive power of the Ter- Jackson expressing warm personal feeling to On entering Canada, Gen. Hull distributed power was in the hands of the governor and conduct. He sailed from New York in the merous to mention; all of which, being purchased by the package at reduced prices, will be offered at uncommonly low prices.

On entering Canada, Gen. run distributed power was in the name of the governor and conduct. He sailed from New York in the anxiously watching the result. That result month of October. As diplomatic relations and proclamation among the inhabitants, which, at uncommonly low prices. tained, cannot be surpassed, but it was sadly ties, the whole body of people of Michigan he was directed to proceed to England, and We would call the attention of country mer chants to our stock, and solicit them to examine chants to our stock and solicit them to examine chants the country the solici chants to our stock, and solicit them to examine the same before purchasing elsewhere, as we feel the same before purchasing elsewhere as we feel the same before purchasing elsewhere, as we feel the same before purchasing elsewhere as we feel the same before pur thor of the proclamation, Col. Cass, was not the commander of the army. Had he been so by the Senate without a single rate arms. He tound that a French Minister and signed by its own minister. The part had been appointed to this country, and he imthe commander of the army. Had he been so, by the Senate, without a single vote against mediately repaired to Paris and took up his the country would have been saved the mortificution of habelding the descent from the against him from the needle country would have been saved the mortification of beholding the descent from the against him from the people over whom he first official duty was to procure the interest promise to the fulfilment. As it was, he used presided—a state of things unexampled in the due upon the twenty-five millions of francs every exertion to arouse in the commanding history of our territorial governments—is a indemnity, which had been retained when the

Sketch of the Life and Public Services of ernment the whole circumstances attending ment to establish a military post there, and to ed the duties of his mission, and continued in the expedition. He was exchanged during fix upon the site for the same. The chief of their regular execution till its termination. the winter, and in the spring was appointed a the tribe was openly opposed to the United He was proverbial for his kindness and hosbrigadier general. Shortly after this, he join- States, and in pay of the British government. pitality to his countrymen, none of whom ed General Harrison at Seneca, where the ar- In consequence of this, they heard the intenmy was collecting, destined to recover the tion of Gov. Cass with apparent ill-will, and visited Paris without being invited to his territory of Michigan, and to take possession broke up the councils, with the most hostile house. His observations upon the governof the western district of Upper Canada. The feeling. On returning to their encampment, ment and people of France were given to the preparatory arrangements being completed, they removed their women and children into public in the pages of the Democratic Review. and the lake being open to the transportation | Canada; and baving prepared themselves for in an article entitled "France, its King, Court, our troops by the victory of Perry, Gen'l battle, raised the British flag, as a token of and Government," which most of our readers defiance. Gov. Cass had but a small detach- will probably recollect. Among other literatember, 1813, and embarked his troops at the ment of soldiers with him, while the Indians ry papers he published in this country, was numbered 800 warriors. Unaccompanied, one upon the French tribunals of justice, and were concentrated at Put-in bay. From except by his interpreter, he advanced direct- which contained much information interesting here they sailed to the Western Sister, a small ly into their midst, and with his own hands to an American, and in which the author exland off the coast of Canada, where, being pulled down the flag, trampled it under his pressed his decided condemnation of the sys-

TERMS: 99 50 in advance.

WHOLE NO. 195.

all collected, the final arrangements were made. feet, and afterwards burned it, ordering the in- tem of the English common law, looking up-The debarcation was superintended and directerpreter to inform the Indians that "they on it as a code originating in feudal and alted by General Cass, of the army, and Capt. were within the jurisdiction of the U States, most semi-barbarous times, and utterly unsuitliott, of the navy; and the troops landed in and that no other flag than theirs could be per- ed to our condition and institutions. This operfect order, expecting to meet a formidable mitted to wave over it." The moral influence pinion is fast gaining ground, and we trust resistance. But the enemy had fled, after de- of this bold act had the desired effect : the In- the time is rapidly approaching when this relstroying the public buildings at Amhurstburg dians returned the next day to the council, and and Detroit, and were in full retreat for Lake the treaty was concluded, without any further as it is called, but this perfection of nonsense

resistance in favorable positions, overtook the found that the Winnebago Indians had not yet of the quintuple treaty, in which General enemy at the Moravian towns on the river come in; and as the object of the treaty was Cass acted a prominent and an efficient Thames, about eighty miles from Detroit. - to settle difficulties among some of the tribes, part. The British government, in its scheme The British General, (Proctor,) proved him- the non-appearance of the Winnebagoes was of maritime superiority, which it never abanan evidence of their desire for war rather than dons any more than its plans of territorial ag-Having some days the start, if he designed peace. He immeniately re-embarked on board grandizement, projected a plan, by which, unto escape, he should have pushed his retreat his birch canoe, for their camping ground, to der the pretence of abolishing the slave trade, as rapidly as possible. But he moved slow- prevent any hostilities, and to bring them to her ships of war would have been enabled to ly, encumbered with much unnecessary bag- the treaty ground. He rapidly pursued his search and examine; and ultimately to seize, gage, and finding the American army closing upon him, he prepared for battle. The ground and down the Wisconsin, to the place of enhe choose was heavily covered with trees, campment. Taking with him only his inter- five great powers of Europe should be parties,

ment of the action, and was pursued by Gen'l constructive powers, and it endeavored care- pursue such a course, and adds:

manding general. I saw him in the midst of cessarily took any immediate course in these and honor, and coldly approved by the govthe battle, in the deep woods upon the banks questions, it was prompt and energetic, and ernment.

almost surrounded with numerous tribes of you will interpose no obstacle to the service of the world, but where a just cause and the hostile Indians in the pay of the British gov. of legal process upon any officer or soldier un- favor of Providence have given strength to ernment, and constantly excited to acts of der your command, whether issuing from the comparative weakness, and enabled it to break courts of the State of Alabama or of the Uni- down the pride of power."

as Secretary of War. On retiring from the ment, her people, and her press; and her diploritory was almost unlimited, and the legislative wards him, and commending his whole official

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were denied his attentions, and few of whom as it in many cases is-will give way to rea-

Gen. Cass volunteered his services, to- where he organized the inhabitants and placed was translated into French and German, and

agues in the cabinet were with a certain tone of

In addition, also, to the pamphlet, he pre-

Cass, with a detachment, for some miles, but fully to exercise those of which it was the could not be overtaken.

It is well known, that in this important bat
| great questions of the bank, of the removal of the bank, of the removal of the bank of the removal of the bank. "I have presumed, in the views I have sharing in the exposure and dangers of the indemnity, and of the Creek and Cherokee people. If in this I have deceived myself, conflict. An eye-witness, writing some twelve difficulties-three of which involved delicate the responsibility will be mine. As soon as points connected with State rights-occupied I can receive despatches from the U. States, "In the autumn of 1813, I well recollet its attention, and were all happily disposed of. in answer to my communications, I shall be General Cass, of the northwestern army, com- Few, if any, now call in question the wisdom enabled to declare to you either that my conmanded by Harrison and Shelby. He was of Gen. Jackson's course upon these important duct has been approved by the President, of

the Canada shore, below Malden, on the 27th | the intense anxiety they excited, and the mo- But he did not deceive himself. His course of September, and conspicuous at the battle of mentous consequences which hung upon their was warmly applauded by the American peothe Thames, as the volunteer aid of the com- decision. So far as the War Department ne- ple, who are ever alive to national interest

of the Thames, during the roar and clangor of met with the approbation of the country. At The following short extract will exhibit the fire-arms, and savage yells of the enemy .- the portentous period of nullification, the mil- spirit which pervaded this memorable paper: Then I was a green youth of seventeen, and a volunteer from Kentucky."

itary orders were firm, but discreet, and it appeared by a message from the President, in when they (the American people) are told answer to a call upon that subject, that no or- by one of the parties that their vessels are to der had been at any time given to "resist the be forcibly entered and examined, in order to constituted authorities of the State of South carry into effect these stipulations. Certainly and Commodore Perry assisted me in forming | Carolina, within the chartered limits of said | the American government does not believe the troops for the action. The former is an State." The orders to Gen. Scott informed that the high powers, contracting parties to ance of the brave Commodore cheered and animated every breast."

rise when the ordinary power in the hands of the civil officers should not be sufficient for the to its provisions, or to adopt its stipulations. The battle of the Thames terminated the execution of the laws, the President would de- They have too much confidence in their sense Northwestern campaign, and put an end to termine the course to be taken, and the measures of justice to fear any such result; and they the war in that quarter, but not to the diffi- to be adopted; till then he was prohibited from will see with pleasure the prompt disavowal made by yourself, sir, in the name of your United States being once more in the posses- The same caution marked the order to the country, at the tribune of the Chamber of sion of the Territory of Michigan, and of the troops when there seemed to be danger of a Deputies, of any intentions of this nature .--Plain striped and gold Bed Ticking and Apron the first man to land in arms in the enemy's province of Upper Canada, Gen. Cass was assigned, temporarily, the command of the dis- sing out of occurrences upon the lands of the they might be deceived in this confident extrict, and Gen'l Harrison withdrew with his United States in that State. In proof of this, pectation, that would not alter in one tittle army. On the 9th of October, 1813, he was we quote the following extract of a letter from their course of action. Their duty would be appointed by President Madison governor of the War Department, written by Governor the same, and the same would be their deter-Michigan, at that time one of the most impor- Cass to Major McIntosh, and dated October mination to fulfil it. They would prepare themselves, with apprehension indeed, but tive. He was the civil as well as the milita- "SIR: Your letter of the 21st instant to without dismay-with regret, but with firmry governor of a large territory, having many Major General Malcomb has been laid before ness-for one of those desperate struggles hundred miles of exposed frontier, fitled and me, and, in answer, I have to inform you that which have sometimes occurred in the history

> As a proof of the defenceless state of the ted States. On the contrary, you will give all The success of this scheme, so long chercountry, it may be mentioned, that incursions necessary facilities to the execution of such ished, and so long projected on the part of were made by the Indians, and some persons process. It is not the intention of the Presi. England, turned upon the ratification of made prisoners, and others killed within sight dent that any part of the military force of the France. With it she could hope to establish of mounted militia hastily collected, were led with the civil authority. In all questions of that attain her daring object of maritime suby Gov. Cass in pursuit of the Indians, and jurisdiction, it is the duty of the former to sub- premacy. But the opposition of two such some of them were killed within hearing of mit to the latter, and no consideration must commercial nations as the United States and interfere with that duty. If, therefore, an of- France to this interpolation would have sen-A single incident will show the nature of ficer of the State, or of the United States, come dered hopeless its general recognition. Hence and interest were aqually united in this. Her discussion in the French Chamber of Deputies, the eyes of Europe were directed to Paris, ject, it would have been removed by the abuse heaped upon him in the English journals, and by the declaration of Lord Palmerston, in the House of Commons, that his efforts con-

HON. DAVIDS. REID, OF ROCKINGHAM COUNTY. Presidential Elector. WILLIAM S. ASHE.

To our Subscribers .- To each of our subscribers we send this week two copies of the Journal. Our object in doing this is to circulate the sketch of the life and services of Gen. we ask of those to whom this extra paper is passed. sent, is to circulate it. Give it to some one of your neighbors, who otherwise would not also suggest to the subscribers to the Journal per by them for reference during the campaign.

Sketch of Gen. Cass -We present to our readers a sketch of the life and services of our distinguished leader, Gen. Cass. We know umns of our weekly sheet, but still we prebe pleased to see, in a condensed form, the history of the career of a man who is to lead us on to a glorious victory in November next. The sketch, though short, is faithful, and we think ought to be read by every Democrat. It will be seen that Gen. Cass has devoted nearly half a century to the public service. and has, during that long period, filled the our next we will present a sketch of the life WM O RUTLER

man, who may be able to unite the whole par- the above exceptions ty. This is the right spirit.

ly during the campaign.

PUBLIC SENTIMENT -A fortnight having the candidates of the democratic party of the Union, for the two highest offices in the gift of the people of America, we have now an opportunity of judging the manner in which different sections of the country.

Thus far, the democratic press of the North and the South ;-of the East and of the West, has responded most heartily to the names of Cass and Butler, always saving and excepting the people of South Carolina and the "Barnburners of New-York." Indeed we do not know that the democratic party has had once formed the pillars of their political edi in the field, since the days of Gen. Jackson, any ticket that aroused such a spirit of enthusiasm in the democratic ranks, as the one presented by the late National Convention. Our exchanges from all parts of the country respond gloriously; and all seem to think that think. Peace between the two republics has the election of Gen. Cass is a matter of abso-

have had an opportunity of interchanging sentiments with a number of our fellow-demois not highly pleased with the ticket.

Our opponents too, so far as we have heard strong ticket, and will compel them to "get up early and go to bed late" to beat it.

own fault if we do not triumph.

The paragraph which appeared in the Chronicle of Wednesday last, is of such a cha- Carolina have presented to the people during the undersigned were appointed Committees to Editor of this paper, from reasons which we of opposition to the Mexican war. This being proaching anniversary of Independence. In furpresume are well understood in the communi- knocked from under their feet, we do not know ty, cannot do otherwise than pass it over in what they will do. Their situation is really casion. We are, respectfully, &c.,

DEMOCRATIC MEETING -On Friday evening last, a large meeting of the Democrats of the Wilmington precinct was held at the Court-House, when Owen Holmes, Esq., presided, and John S. James and Stephen D. Wallace, sponding to the nomination in gallant style. acted as Secretaries. The meeting appointed The Lancaster Intelligencer, the organ of Mr. William Anderson, Miles Costin, Hiram R. Buchanan, comes out in the warmest terms County Convention.

\$5-At a meeting held at Smithville, in Brunswick county, on Monday last, Dr. F. J. HILL, SAMUEL LANGDON, Rev. Mr. TURREN-TINE, J. H. PRITCHETT, J. R. GRIST, and Jos. GREEN, were appointed delegates to represent Brunswick county in the Internal Improvement Convention, which is to meet in Pittsboro' on the 17th inst.

following morning for Philadelphia.

The Favetteville Observer of Wednesday weak as he says he is, his tone would not be the late Baltimore Convention—re-endorses been ratified by the Mexican House of Depurally take it for granted that the Democrat is table almost unanimously. able and faithful, and the measure such as the country really wants." Such inference we may draw from the abuse of the Observer, so of June 2d, says:far as Cass and Butler are concerned.

The Observer thinks the nomination weak Cass, our candidate for the Presidency. We the house. Well, we have no objection that too much to assume that these immigrants think it all-important that his brilliant and the Observer should, at this stage of the con- \$150 a head; or about \$2,500,000 in the useful career as a public man should be known test, lay this flattering unction to his soul. He whole much more than the amount substracas early as possible to the people of North will have abundance of need for all the little ted by the foreign demand." Carolina. The additional paper will only cost consolations of this character which he can each subscriber one cent, the postage. All manufacture, ere the ides of November are amount of gold and silver that is annually

dissensions of the Democratic party in New coming from the British Isles; even they bring have an opportunity of seeing it. We would York-particularly on the denunciations dealt some. But all the German emigrants bring out by the "Barn-burners" against General some specie. that they would keep this number of the pa- Cass. Now it seems to us that even a Whig partizan Southern paper would find little to Next week we will publish an interesting reioice at in this, when it is known that the sketch of the life of our candidate for the Vice main, indeed, we might say the sole, objection Presidency, Gen. Wm. O. Butler, from the pen to Gen. Cass, so far as the "Barn-burner" of Francis P. Blair, formerly Editor of the wing of the New York Democracy is concerned, is because he is understood, by them, at least, to be opposed to the Wilmot Proviso. for the Wilmot Proviso about 18 months ago, that it takes up considerable space in the col. in the Senate. We would like the Observer to point out the place on the record where sume, as a matter of course, our readers will that vote may be found. If our memory is not sadly at fault, we think Gen. Cass voted against the Wilmot Proviso in the Senate about 15 months ago. If this is not so, we would like the Observer to correct us. Again. The Observer is desirous of creating the impression that the delegations from several States did not vote for Gen. Cass at all. Now this is entirely incorrect. Gen. Cass, on the fourth highest stations, both civil and military. In ballot, received 179 votes, and was declared the nominee of the Convention, having receiof our candidate for the Vice Presidency, Gen. ved more than two-thirds of the votes cast.— The delegations were then called that had not voted for him on this, the last, ballot, in order Lower Black River District -We pub- that they might have an opportunity of recordlish, in another place, the proceedings of the ing their votes for Gen. Cass. All of them who has been so honored by the whole democ meeting held in Lower Black River District, did so record their votes, and pledge their racy, would league himself with a faction aand take the occasion to say, that the Demo- States for Gen. Cass, with the exception of gainst the whole party. Besides, we cannot and have proved themselves consummate statescrats of that District, have adopted, according New York, that did not vote at all, and Ala- suppose that Mr. VAN BUREN, occupying the ocratic course. They have a preference; but | States permitted their votes to stand as on the if they cannot get their choice without produ- last ballot; that is, Alabama 5 for Cass and 4 cing a split in the party, then they instruct for Woodbury, and Florida 3 for Woodbury. their delegates to vote for any good and true Gen. Cass was unanimously nominated with

But the Observer says that Gen. Cass was a We give in this week's paper the corres- Black Cockade Federalist in early life. Now pondence between the Committee and General it is one thing recklessly to make a charge, Cass. We call particular attention to Gen'l and another thing to prove it. It is, indeed, Cass's letter of acceptance. It is all that his strange if Gen. Cass was a "Black Cockade warmest admirers could desire. Like Mr. Federalist in early life," that he should be Polk, he will not be a candidate for re-electiound in "early life" (36 years ago) an offition. It will also be seen that General Cass cer in the American army of 1812, when it is gives his hearty and cordial assent to the res-known that that war was most bitterly oppoolutions adopted by the Baltimore Convention, sed by the Federal party, and that to that war The readers of the Journal would do well to the old Federal party owes its final downfall keep these letters by them. They will have in this country. Stranger still, that at the reason, most likely, to refer to them frequent- close of that war a "Biack Cockade Federalist" should be appointed by a Republican President, Governor of the Territory of Michigan, and re-appointed by every Republican now elapsed since the Baltimore Convention President that filled the Presidential Chair for selected the names of Cass and Butler, as 18 long years. This indeed appears strange to us. But we would like to see the evidence of his Black Cockade Federalism.

Let the Observer look at home. He may find enough in the proceedings of the Philathe nominations have been received in the delphia Convention to employ his utmost ingenuity. Mark this.

WHAT WILL THE WHIGS DO ?- Some weeks ago, we put some three or four plain questions to the Whig press of North Carolina, with regard to the position they now occupy on certain great questions of domestic policy that fice. We have not received any answer -Since then, and very recently, the only question which they seemed willing to put in issue-the Mexican War, and matters germain thereto-has lost much of its force, as we been restored. Where now will the Whigs get anything to talk about? The war is at an In our own section of North-Carolina, we end. This has been the only point of attack for the last year and a half. Long ago they have abandoned all the old issues. They do crats, and thus far, we have not seen one who not now dare advocate a National Bank. They have no idea of attacking the Demecratic Tariff of 1846. They never now broach the disthem express themselves, admit that it is a tribution scheme. In fact, they have no issue beyond the Mexican war; and now that peace has been made, we do not know what At present, the political horizon, so far as they will do. We almost pity them. May be we, the Democrats, are concerned, is peculiar. the Philadelphia Convention may do somely bright and flattering We have tide and thing for them in the way of manufacturing a wind with us, and it certainly will be our creed. For one we hope so. We would much like, by some means, to know what they want, or what they advocate. We know of no issue which the Federal papers of North desperate; and if the Philadelphia Convention, as we said before, does not do something for them, we do not know what they will come

to. What do you want, gentlemen? PENNSYLVANIA.—The old Keystone is re-Nixon, and David Fulton, Delegates to the for Cass and Butler. On the 1st instant, the Democracy of Philadelphia held a mass meeting in Independence Square, to ratify the nomination, which was one of the largest and most of Independence, has been received. enthusiastic meetings ever held in that sober city. The greatest confidence in the success literary pursuits, and distrusting much my ability way South, his presence having been render- cious than that of interest. We have much of the ticket was expressed.

THE TELEGRAPH.—We are pleased to see from an editorial in the Charleston Courier of your request was made. some days ago, and from a letter from Mr. French, the manager of the great Southern Gen. Cass arrived at Baltimore on Mon- line of Telegraph, that renewed exertions are day last, on his way from Washington to his being made to obviate the delays and mismanhome. He was enthusiastically received by agement which has thus far been so injurious the Democracy of the city. He started on the to the system of telegraphing, in public esti-

MEETING IN CHARLESTON.—The Charles-

EMIGRATION.—The Union's New York correspondent, writing from that place under date

"Nearly 1,300 immigrants arrived in this city yesterday; swelling the entire immigra--that the signs are cheering for his side of tion for the week nearly to 16,000. It is not brought with them, on an average, in specie.

Few, indeed, have any correct idea of the brought into the United States by emigrants. The Observer chuckles no little over the There is not much, we admit, brought by those

The Weldon Herald, of the 1st inst., contains the proceedings of a public meeting of the citizens of that place and vicinity, in reference er house. Our despatches by the New Orleans to the arrest of Mr. Peterson, Mail Agent be- came down to the evening of the 16th from tween Richmond and Weldon, on the suspicion of committing depredations on money letters it appears that the Government had sufficient passing through his hands. The Journal is strength to carry the treaty through the popurequested to publish the report of the meeting. But the Observer says that Gen. Cass voted We would do so with 'pleasure if our limits were not so restricted. Suffice it to say that the whole investigation has turned out not only in the complete acquittal of Mr Peterson, but in the dissipation of even the slightest suspicion. Mr. Johnson, the Post Master General, has written him a note, in which he not only requests him to remain in the service, but expresses great pleasure, as one of Mr. Peterson's friends, that the investigation has turned out in his complete exculpation.

Ex-President Van Buren -- A dispatch from Albany to the New York Herald says that Ex-President Van Buren has privately avowed his intention to oppose the election of Gen

Cass to the Presidency.—Baltimore Sun. We cannot believe this, nor will we, unti we have the clearest testimony on the subject We cannot believe that MARTIN VAN BUREN

Hon Thos Corwin has written a letter re iterating his former determination not to be considered a candidate before the Whig Convention.—Balt. Sun.

What a sensible man is Tow. Corwin -Wonder how many States he could carry-especially if the volunteers get home before the

In accordance with previous notice, the military of the town of Wilmington assembled at the Court-House, on the evening of the 6th inst., for the purpose of making arrangements for the proper celebration of the approaching anniversary of American Independence, when Col. JAS. T. MILLER was called to the Chair, and Col. Robt. G. Rankin, appointed Secre- Rosa, the Minister, a gentleman named Aguitar,

On motion of Brig. Gen. L. H. Marsteller, Col. McRae, Major Walker, Capt. Wm. C. Howard, and Lt. Yopp, was appointed to make all necessary arrangements on behalf of the military of the town of Wilmington, for a suitable celebration of the ensuing 4th of July. Col. JAMES T. MILLER, Ch'n. Col. R. G. RANKIN, Sec'y.

At a meeting of the citizens of Wilmington, held at the same place, and on the same evening, and immediately after the above proceedings were had, the Magistrate of Police was called to the Chair, and W. J. Yopp, appoint-

On motion, a Committee consisting of T. Burr, Jr., R. H. Cowan, A. Martin, George Davis, and Alfred Bryant, was appointed to act in conjunction with the military Committee appointed above, to make all necessary arrangements for a due celebration of the approaching anniversary of American Indepen-

On motion, the Commissioners of the town were requested to make the necessary appropricasion. JAS, T. MILLER, Mag't. Police. W. J. YOPP, Sec.

At a meeting of the joint Committee, held on the same evening, Mr. Eli Hall was selected to deliver the oration on the next 4th of July, and Capt. Wm. C. Howard, was appointed Marshal of the day.

The correspondence between the Committee and Mr. HALL, is published below, from which with the request of the Committee:

WILMINGTON, N. C., 6th June, 1848. DEAR SIR: At a meeting of the Citizens and Military, held in the Court-House this evening, racter, and comes from such a source, that the the past two years, with the single exception make arrangements for the celebration of the ap- and Butler, by a vote of 24 to 12—a twotherance of their design, they indulge the hope that von will favor them with an address upon the oc-

ROBT. G. RANKIN, Col. Com'g. 30th Reg't. N. C. M., JNO. McRAE. jr., Lt. Col. 30th Reg., JNO. WALKER, jr., Maj. Brig. Inspector, W. C. Howard, Capt. Com'd. Clarendon Horse Guards, W. J. Yorr, Lt. Lower Div. W. M., T. Bunn, jr., on behalf of Citizens' Com.

ELI W. HALL, Esq. WILMINGTON, No. Ca, June 7th, '48. GENTLEMEN: Your communication in which, as Committees from the Citizens and Military. er an address upon the approaching anniversary

liberty to decline this exhibition of your partiality. Allow me, gentlemen, to tender to you my acknowledgments for the kind manner in which

With esteem, I remain respectfully. Your obedient servant, To Col. Rankin, Lt. Col. McRae, Maj. Walker, Capt. Howard, Lieut. Yopp, and T. Burr, jr., Committee.

the above proceedings.

last is bitter upon the action of the Democratic ton Courier of Wednesday morning, contains RATIFIED .- On Saturday morning last, we re-Convention, and particularly so upon Generals the proceedings of a meeting held there on the ceived the intelligence that the Treaty of ing dates from Europe up to the 17th, the day Cass and Butler, the nominees of that body. previous evening, to take into consideration Peace had been ratified by the Mexican Con-Now this, according to our opinion, of the the action of the Baltimore Convention. The gress. We struck off some slips, and sent bernia. Observer, is the very highest testimony of the gist of these proceedings may be summed up them off by the mails of that day, containing strength and propriety of the nomination. If in a few words:—The meeting disapproves of the intelligence. Subsequent mails from the the Observer really thought Gen. Cass was so all National Conventions, and particularly of South inform us that the Treaty has only so denunciatory. Indeed, we are disposed in the Alabama resolutions, and compliments Mr. ties by a vote of 51 to 35. This, however, this case to apply the remark once made to us Yancey, of Alabama, who made a speech on is regarded as settling the matter, as the Seby an old friend from Sampson County:- the occasion. A resolution nominating Gen. nate will undoubtedly concur. We have ex-"Whenever I see the Whig papers abuse a Taylor as the candidate for the Presidency of pected by every mail that further news would Democrat, or a Democratic measure, I gene- the Democrats of Charleston, was laid on the arrive containing the final ratification. It has not as yet. From the Charleston Courier of Monday morning we take the following. It is the latest we have received, and will be found deeply interesting. Should further news arrive before we go to press we will certainly give it to our readers :-

The Mexican Treaty - Yesterday's Western mail brought us slips from the office of the New Orleans Picayune, Delta, and Daily Cressant, reiterating the intelligence publish ed by us on Saturday, that the Treaty had passed the Mexican Chamber of Deputies, by a vote of 51 to 35, on the 19th ult.

The steamer Edith, which brought the news. eft Vera Cruz on the afternoon of the 23d A courier from the English Embassy arrived here on that day, and brought down the vote. The vote was to be taken in the Senate on Monday, the 22d.

Our readers will recollect (says the Picayune) that Lieut. Contee was of opinion that the treaty would first be submitted to the Senate He supposed that body would act up-Queretaro. Our correspondent there supposed the vote would be taken on Saturday, but lar branch of the Legislature earlier than any had anticipated.

The discussion in the Chamber, on the Treav. is said to have been warm and exciting. The Vera Cruz papers by the Edith con tains nothing later from Mexico or Queretaro han brought by the New Orleans.

The health of Vera Cruz was said to be ve The extra Delta states that the Monitor Republicano of the 21st contains the subjoined

etter from Queretaro:

'Attention! Most Authentic and Important. "Our express arrived last night about 10 o'clock, bringing us the annexed letters. They announce the approval of the Treaty by the Chamber of Deputies.

QUERETARO, May 19, 1848. At last this population is relieved from the state debate of a graver character than any which has more reigns supreme in Paris. engaged its attention since the establishment of our independence. At a quarter past six in the arrested evening, the ratification of the Treaty was voted by FIFTY-ONE to THIRTY-FIVE who were last speakers; both displayed immense power,

The dauger has passed, the Senate will immeto our notion of such matters, the proper Dem- bama and Florida. These two last named position he does, would now take part in a diately take up the business, and less numerous, single man, who has in any way shown a disposition to mutilate the national representation, by keeping away from the session, it is IMPOSSIBLE that the affair can be left undecided or that i will be not decided happily and opportunely. I do not wish by these remarks to cast any ob loguy on the Chamber of Deputies; it has con ducted itself with dignity and magnanimity. The warmth which has been displayed in the discusion will ever do it honor; and with rare exceptions, good faith has shone out conspicuously in cach party among those advocating peace & those contending for war. On both sides of the question here are illustrious men; all defended their opinions with all decorum and due seif-restraint.

QUERETARO, May 19, 1848. It was a quarter-past six o'clock in the evening that the Treaty was approved of, by fifty-one votes to thirty-five. The last speaker were Senor the latter in opposition.

My friends, all has terminated happily. As the Government Express leaves this city to-night . Committee consisting of Col. Rankin, Lieut. at 10 o'clock, I have decided on sending off yours also, in order that you may be the more speedily put in possession of this favorable news. It was confidently expected that the Treaty would pass the Senate on Monday, the 22d ult.

> The Baltimore Sun of Wednesday morning says that another letter from Gen. Taylor has been made public, dated April 24th, in which

the old hero says, nearly in so many words, that he will abide the decision of the Conven tion. The Sun adds, that no doubt a letter Dr. James F. Simpson, and James McDuffee, will be produced at the Convention, from Gen. | Esq.; and Wm. Woodcock and Thos. Rooks, Taylor, explicit and satisfactory on this point. If the General is not nominated, it will not be his fault.

COURT OF INQUIRY .- The Court of Inquiry has resumed its labours at Frederick, Maryland. Gens. Scott, Pillow, &c., are in atten-

SIX RUNS POST OFFICE.—We have received a note from Mr. CALWELL, P. M. at this of the duties of Representatives in our State Lefice, stating that the papers for that office did gislature; and they are further instructed not arrive there last week. We regret this much. They certainly were sent, every one ation to defray all expenses attending the oc- of them, from our office. Where they went, we know not. The package was properly made up and directed, and particularly endorsed, "By the way of Strickland's Depot"will thank the P. M. to inform us, and we unite. will loose no means to find out where the fault

NEW-YORK.—We are pleased to see that the General Democratic Committee of the city it will be seen that he (Mr. HALL) complies and county of New-York, at its regular meeting, expressly called to take into consideration the course of the Utica delegation-indeed to respond to the Barn-burners' manifes to, adopted a resolution responding, in the most cordial terms, to the nomination of Cass thirds vote. This looks well.

> MG-Gen'l Wallace has been elected from the Pinckney Congressional District, S. C., to fill the vacancy occasioned by the death of the Hon. J. A. Black.

accounts from the Philadelphia Convention. which met on Wednesday, as yet. Before onr next, of course, we will know who our opponents are to fight under. We think that er Italian republic gave his name, as if to either General Taylor, or John Crittenden, of stamp it with the seal of greatness. The Kentucky, will be the nominee of the Feds. ocean divides us, but we are united by the

Though enjoying but little leisure to devote to ed through this City on Thursday last, on his of thought and feeling, which is far more pre his father-in-law, Col. Martin, of Rockingham civilization, we blush not to acknowledge it. County. - Standard, last Wednesday.

Enormous Losses of the Rothchilds.—The Paris correspondent of a London paper states that Mr. Jas Rothschilds' losses, by the late development of the human mind revolutions in Europe, at two hundred millions of francs. From this we may judge of the enor- public of Venice. mous fortune and credit possessed by these bankers; for, notwithstanding their losses, The Town papers are requested to copy they have not failed in any of their engagements.

LATER FROM MEXICO-TREATY OF PEACE | Foreign.-The steamship United States ar-

The news is important. Cotton has slight ly advanced, and breadstuffs were firmer than at last dates. Commercial affairs were assuming a more favorable aspect.

A counter revolution broke out at Paris on the 13th ult. The mob marched to the hall of the National Assembly and took possession of the Chamber. One of the members proclaimed the Assembly dissolved, and a new provisional government was declared. At the latest moment, however, we learn that this demonstration of the extreme radicals and communists had been put down, and the Assembly was again in session, performing its duties. Doubt and distrust, however, brooded principles will meet with your cordial assent and Lord Ashburton is dead. The war between

the Italians and the Austrians was still raging. The citizens of Rome had demanded of the Pope to proclaim war against Austria-to join the other Italian States, which he refused .-They then demanded the dismissal of his present ministry and the appointment of laymen in their stead. At last accounts the matter had not been decided, but it was thought that the and regard, dear sir, Pope would be compelled to yield. The people of Italy seem determined to drive the Austrians beyond the Alps.

The Emperor of Austria has concluded on it on the 17th, and then send it to the low- treaty, offensive and defensive, with the Emperor of Russia. All appearances prognosticate a general war on the continent.

> THREE DAYS LATER .- On Friday morning Boston, bringing three days later intelligence han the above. We condense the following summary from our Northern exchanges:-

> Notwithstanding the croakings of certain papers, the crops in Ireland are in a flourish ng state, and promise an abundant harvest. From England the news is not important.

> France is quietly settling down after the late meute, although many have grave misgivings

> The financial condition of England was steadily improving, and the accounts from the Continent are of a more encouraging character. The Cotton market at Liverpool was heavy, owing to the heavy imports. No change of consequence to notice in the Corn market.

Affairs in France.—The late conspiracy to of mortal anxiety in which it has been kept, by a been effectually put down, and order once dence of my fellow-citizens, far more than any Two hundred of the conspirators have been

The National Assembly is proceeding peaceably in the discharge of their high duties, with for war. Senors Lacunza and Rosa were the the full confidence of a vast majority of the

The allegiance and firm support of the troops of the line and the National Guards are fully

Eighty thousand National Guard

under arms in Paris, fully prepared for any ef an increased popularity, and an almost universal desire to sustain him and his wise and

patriotic measures, be any test of permanent liance upon Providence, we may hope is but the Affairs in Ireland.-The accounts from eland are of a more encouraging character

than have been received for many months past The crops generally look remarkably well. The reported failure of the potato crop roves to be wholly destitute of truth; and the re-appearance of the potato disease is not

For the Journal. DEMOCRATIC MEETING.

Pursuant to notice, a meeting of the citizens of Lower Black River District took place at the residence of Wm. Woodcock, Esq., on Saturday, the 3d inst. On motion of David Jones, James P. Moore, Esq., was called to the Chair, and Messrs, James F. Simpson and James McDuffee, appointed Secretaries.

The Chairman explained the object of the

meeting in a brief but pertinent manner. On motion of David Jones, the Chairman appointed the following gentlemen delegates to the County Convention, to be held in Wil mington on Tuesday of June County Court: as alternate delegates. On motion of David Jones.

Resolved, That the delegates from Lower Black River District are hereby instructed to present the name of Wm. S. Ashe as our canidate for the Senate, and the names of Messrs. Thos. H. Williams and John McAuslan for the House or Commons, as republicans worthy of the favorable consideration of the Democracy of New Hanover County, in Convention assembled, as being well qualified to discharge should the name of their much respected fellow-citizen, John McAuslan, have the tendency to impair the strength of the Democratic in the rectifude of our principles, with an unshaparty, or to produce the least discord in the ken reliance upon the energy and wisdom of pub Convention or in the Democratic ranks thro'out the County, they are hereby instructed to ed the administration of the government, when withdraw the name of Mr. McAuslan, and to committed to its keeping, (and it has been so comvote for some sterling Democrat acceptable to mitted during more than three-fourths of its exis-Should they not go regularly this week, we the party, and upon whom they can cordially tence.) what has been done, is at once the reward

On motion of Thomas Rooks, Resolved. That the thanks of this meeting e tendered the Chairman and Secretaries for the able manner in which they have discharged their respective duties. On motion of David Jones,

Resolved. That the proceedings of this meeting be published in the Wilmington Journal. On motion of David Jones, the meeting ad-JAS. P. MOORE, Ch'n. JAMES F. SIMPSON, Secretaries.

JAMES MCDUFFEE,

The Republic of Venice to the Republic of America. - The following is a copy of the adiress to the United States of America, put forth by the Republic of Venice: To the United States of America-

By his spontaneous congratulations, the consul (W. A. Sparks, Esq., of South Caroli-THE FEDERAL CONVENTION.—We have no | na,) of your republic, hastened to salute the day of our regeneration, and we have received them as one of the most happy of auguries .-The citizen of one Italian republic first discovered that land to which the citizens of anothbonds of sympathy; and liberty, like the electric current traversing the seas, will bring us Judge Douglas, Senator from Illinois, pass. your examples, and maintain the communion to do justice to the occasion, yet I do not feel at ed necessary in that quarter by the death of to learn from you, and though your elders in We have no other ambition than to live in the enjoyment of peace and liberty, to recover the heritage of our ancestors, and to contribute, in

By the Provisional Government of the Re-

MANIN, President. TOMMASEO, Minister of Foreign Affairs. ZENNARI, Secretary. Venice, March 28, 1848.

Correspondence of the Committee and Letter to General Cass.

BALTIMORE, May 28, 1848.

DEAR SIR: You are doubtless apprized of the fact that a National Convention of republican delegates from the various portions of the Union assembled in this city on the 22d inst., for the purpose of selecting candidates for the two highest executive offices of the United States. We are gratified in having it in our power to inform you that the Convention, with great unanimity, agreed to present your name to the country for the office of President, and requested us to communicate to you this nomination, and solicit your acceptance. In performing this duty, which we do with great pleasure, it is proper that the resolutions adopted by the Convention, and containing the principle upon which they believe the government ought to be administered; should be laid before you. These constitute a platform broad enough for all true emocrats to stand upon, and narrow enough to exclude all those who may be opposed to the great principles of the democratic party. . That these support, and be illustrated in your administration. if called to this high office by your country, we do not for a moment doubt; but feel assured, that whilst you exercise forbearance with firmness, you will not fail to exert your faculties to maintain the principles and just compromises of the constitution, in a spirit of moderation and brotherly love, so vitally essential to the perpetuity of the Union and the prosperity and happiness of our common coun-We offer you our sincere congratulations upon this distinguished mark of the public confidence, and are, with sentiments of high esteem

Your friends and obedient servants, A STEVENSON. President National Convention. Rob't P Dunlap, of Me., J H Steele, of N. H. Chester W Chapin, of Mass., Ira Davis, of Vt., B R Thurston, of R. L. Isaac Toucev, of Conn., G D Wall, of N. J., J G Jones, of Penn., A J Rai ney, of Ark., G M Bowers, of Mo., C J McDonald, of Ga., J A Winston, of A'a., J C McGrhee, of Fa., Powhatan Ellis, of Miss., R W English, of Ill., C G English, of Ia., J Larwell, of Ohio. last, the new steamship Niagara arrived at Thos J Rusk, of Texas, Austin E Wing, of Mich., Solo W Downs of La., Thomas Martin, of Tenu. L. aunders, of Ky., James Clarke, of Iowa, J F

> Howard, of Md., Ed P Scott, of Va, W N Edwards, of N. C., J M Commander, of S. C. To Gen. LEWIS CASS, Washington City. Reply of General Cass. WASHINGTON, May 30, 1848.

Gentlemen-I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 2sth instant, announcing to me that I had been nominated by the convention of the democratic party its candidate ken up and considered, but not finally acted for the office of President of the United States, at the approaching election. While I accept, with deep gratitude, this distinguished honor-and distinguished indeed it is

-I do so with a fearful apprehension of the responsibility it may eventually bring with it, and overthrow the provisional government has with a profound conviction that it is the kind confimerit of my own, which has placed me thus prominently before the American people. And fortunate shall I be, if this confidence should find, in the events of the future, a better justification than is furn shed by those of the past. I have carefully read the resolutions of the Dem-

ocratic National Convention, laving down the platform of our political faith, and I adhere to them as firmly as I approve them cordially. And while thus adhering to them. I shall do so with a sacred regard to "the principles and compromises of the maintenance " in a spirit of moderation and brotherly love, so vitally essential to the perpetuity of propositions to amend, which were chiefly re-Lamartine's authority is firmly established, the Union, and the prosperity and happiness of jected, the bill was put upon its passage and our common country;"-a feeling which has carried. made us what we are, and which in humble rebeginning of what we are to be. If called upon hereafter to render an account of my stewardship. n the great trust you desire to commit to me, should I be able to show that I had truly redeemed the pledge thus publicly given, and had adhered to the principles of the democratic party with as much fidelity and success as have generally marked the administration of the eminent men to whom that party has hitherto confided the chief executive authority of the government, I could prefer no higher claim to the favorable consideration of the country, nor to the impartial commendation of his-

This letter, gentlemen, closes my profession of political faith. Receiving my first appointment from that pure patriot and great expounder of American democracy, Mr Jefferson, more than forty years ago, the intervening period of my life has been almost wholly passed in the service of my country, and has been marked by many vicissi tudes, and attended with many trying cicumstances, both in peace and war. If my conduct in these situations, and the opinions I have be n called upon to form and express, from time to time, in relation to all the great party topics of the day. do not furnish a clear exposition of my views respecting them, and at the same time a sufficient ledge of my faithful adherence to their practical application, whenever and wherever I may be required to act, anything further I might now say Expenditures, reviewing the report of the Secwould be mere delusion, unworthy of myself, and justly offensive to the great party in whose name you are now acting.

My immediate predecessor in the nomination by the democratic party, who has since established so many claims to the regard and confidence of his country, when announcing, four years ago, his acceptance of a similar honor, announced also his determination not to be a candidate for re-election. Coinciding with him in his views, so well expressed and so faithfully carried out, I beg leave to say that no circumstances can possibly arise which would induce me again to permit my name to be brought forward in connection with the chief magistracy of our country. My inclination and my sense of duty equally dictate this course. No party, gentlemen, had ever higher motive

of the United States. With an abiding confidence

lic opinion, and with the success which has crown of past exertion and the motive for future, and, at the same time, a guarantee for the accomplishment of what we have to do. We cannot conceal from ourselves that there is a powerful party in the country, differing from us in regard to many of the fundamental principles of our government, and op-question," in another shape, was before Conposed to us in their practical application, which will strive as zealously as we shall, to secure the ascendancy of their principles, by securing the election of their candidate in the coming contest. That party is composed of our fellow-citizens, as deeply interested in the prosperity of our common country as we can be, and seeking as earnestly as we are to promote and perpetuate it. We shall soon present to the world the sublime spectacle of the election of a thief Magistrate by twenty millions of people, without a single serious resistance to the laws, or the sacrifice of the life of one human being-and this, too, in the absence of all force but the moral force of our institutions; and if we should add to all this, an example of mutual espect for the motives of the contending parties, so that the contest might be carried on with that firmness and energy which accompany deep conlitical divisions will permit, we should do more for med medicines," was reported by Mr. Edthe great cause of human freedom throughout the wards, from a select committee, read three world than by any other tribute we could render times and passed to its value.

We have a government founded by the will of tered for the good of all. The very first article in whole, for the consideration of bills on the the democratic creed teaches that the people are private calendar. competent to govern themselves: it is, indeed, rather an axiom than an article of political faith. in the House, and others which have pas om the days of Gen. Hamilton to our days, the party opposed to us—of whose principles he was House, and passed; when, from the difficultie tne great exponent, if not the founder-while it has changed its name, has preserved essentially its identity of character; and the doubt he enter tained and taught of the capacity of man for selfgovernment, has exerted a marked influence upon its actions and opinions. Here is the very start-ing point of the difference between the two great parties which divide the country. All other differences are but subordinate and auxiliary to this, with doubt upon the issue of self-government, one party is prone to think the public authority should be strengthened, and to fear any change, lest that be strengthened, and to fear any change, lest that sed by Mr. Benton, on the ground of the great change might weaken the necessary force of gov- labor and expense, without any corresponding

ernment: while the other, strong in its tions of the intelligence and virtue of the people, believes that original power is safer than delegated and that the solution of the great problem of great government consists in governing with the least force, and leaving individual action as free from restraint as is compatible with the preservation of the social system, thereby securing to each all the freedom which is not essential to the well-being of the whole.

As a party, we ought not to mistake the signs As a party, we could bear in mind, that this is an age of progress—of advancement in all the elements of intellectual power, and in the opinions of the world. The general government should assume no powers—it should exercise none which have not been clearly granted by the parties to the federal compact. We ought to construe the constitution strictly, according to the received and sound principles of the Jefferson school. But while rash experiments should be deprecated, if the government is stationary in its principles of action, and refuses to accommmodate its measured within its constitutional sphere—cautiously indeed, but wisely and cheerfully—to the advancing sentiments and necessities of the age, it will find its moral force impaired, and the public will Jeters mined to do what the public authority itself should readily do, when the indications of popular seniment are clear and clearly expressed. With great respect, gentlemen, I have the hoos

or to be your obedient servant, LEWIS CASE: Hon. A. Stevenson, President of the Democratic Convention, and

The Vice Presidents of the same. THIRTIETH CONGRESS, 1st SESSION

WEDBESDAY, May 31. In the Senate, Mr. Borland presented the credentials of William K. Sebustian, appointed by the Governor of Arkansas, Sepator from

that State, vice Mr. Ashley, dec'd. Mr. Atchison's joint resolution for the adiournment of Congress on the 1st Monday of July, was taken up and debated. Postponed

to Monday next. The Oregon Territorial bill was then taken up, and a long and somewhat exciting debate ensued. The slave question was again the order of the day. The North insisting that the ordinance of 1787 should be extended to Oregon: whilst the South urged that all terri-Helfenstein, of Wis., & B Davis, of Del., B C tories of the Union should be left free for all the citizens of all the States to carry into them such property as they might desire, whether slaves or other property. The subject was

> A message was received from the President communicating further information on the Yu. catan question. The Indian appropriation bill was then ta.

laid over 'till to morrow

The Senate then went into executive sei.

In the House, Mr. Cummins introduced a bill for the protection of the rights of natural. ized citizens against the acts and influence of foreign governments; which was twice read

and committed. Mr. Strohm, from the Committee on Public Expenditures, submitted a majority report upon the annual financial report of the Secretary of the Treasury; and his motion to print before the minority could be ready to report was resisted by Mr. Bedinger, Mr. Hall, and Mr. Houston, of Alabama, until the expiration

of the morning hour. The bill to regulate the appointment of clerks in the executive departments, and for other purposes, being the special o then considered; and after debate and sundry

The House then adjourned.

THURSDAY, June 1. In the Senate, Mr. Atchison was called to the Chair pro. tem , in the absence of the Vice President

A bill from the House, refunding money advanced by States in equipping volunteers, was amended and passed. The Indian appropriation bill was takenup,

and after some debate laid aside. The bill organizing a territorial government in Oregon was taken up The question pending being upon Mr. Hale's amendment, regulating slavery, he withdrew it. Other amendments bearing upon the same question were then withdrawn, with a view to final action upon the bill; when Mr. Hale, fearing his object might be defeated, desired to renew his

amendment. Here another slavery discussion ensued, in which Messrs. Hale, Dickenson, and Miller on the Northern, and Messrs. Calhoun. Bagby, and Foote on the Southern side, took part. So far as Messrs. Hale and Foote were concerned, the debate was extremely warm The Senate, however, adjourned without

coming to a vote In the House, the morning hour was occupied with debate upon the motion to print the najority report of the Committee on Public retary of the Treasury on the state of the finances, and the proposition to postpone the subject ten days for the minority report, with

out coming to any vote.

The consideration of the special order was then taken up in Committee of the Whole on the state of the Union, (Mr. Thompson of Indiana, in the Chair,) being the bill making appropriations for the naval service for the year ending June 30, 1849

Mr Vinton explained the several items of

Mr. Rhett spoke an hour on the subject of the power of Congress to legislate for Territories—supporting the principles involved in the late Virginia resolutions upon this subject. Mr. Venable followed, and addressed the committee till the end of his hour upon the same subject; taking similar ground.

the committee rose, and The House adjourned. FRIDAY, June 2. In the Senate, Mr. Davis presented the flag

Mr. Brodhead next obtained the floor; when

ransmitted by Gen'l Twiggs from the army n Mexico-the same that was first raised over the Halls of the Montezumas. The Oregon bill was again under consideration, and the excitement is represented as be-

ing nearly as great as when the "Oregon The sectional question is every day becoming more portentous. Here in Oregon, where, by no possibility, can slaves be carried, the Northern men insist that the people of the territory, with the assent of Congress, and whilst it is a territory, can expressly exclude

the introluction of slaves The South, and properly, protests against the principle, act nence the angry and excited debate. Thedebate is still pending, the Senate having at journed to-day without coming to a vote. The galleries and lobbies, says the correspondent of the Baltimore Sun, have been

thronged the entire day, and the interest manifested in the debate is immense. In the House, a bill " prohibiting the imporation of adulterated, deteriorated, and misna-

On motion of Mr. Rockwell, of Connection cut, the House, by yeas and nays, 84 to 82, all, responsible to the power of all, and administhen resolve! itself into committee of the

> A great number of these, some original the Senate, were considered, repor in retaining a quorum of members, the House

> at half-past two o'clock, adjourned. SATURDAY, June 3. Iu the Senate, it was ordered, that when the Senate adjourns on Monday, it will all tourn to the senate adjourns on Monday, it will all tourns to the senate adjourns on Monday, it will all tourns to the senate adjourns on Monday, it will all tourns to the senate adjourns on Monday, it will all tourns to the senate adjourns on Monday, it will all tourns to the senate adjourns on Monday, it will all tourns to the senate adjourns on Monday, it will all tourns to the senate adjourns on Monday, it will all tourns to the senate adjourns on Monday, it will all tourns to the senate adjourns on Monday, it will all tourns to the senate adjourns on Monday, it will all tourns to the senate adjourns on Monday, it will all tourns to the senate adjourns on Monday, it will all tourns to the senate adjourns on Monday, it will all tourns to the senate adjourns on Monday, it will all tourns to the senate adjourns to the

journ to meet on Thursday.

Mr. Underwood's resolution requiring the Commissioners of Patents to report annually certain statistical facts with regard to mant

Mr Dayton submitted the following: now here presented, deposited for safe- and Yulee-38. in the Department of State of the U-

v, and Mr. Allen, the resolution was adop. and Westcott-14

On motion by Mr. Hannegan, the Senate On motion by Mi. Hanne dans, the consideration of Executive In this town, on the 5th inst., by J. L. Corbett. siness; and, after a brief session therein, The Senate adjourned.

In the House, Mr. Morehead presented the In the House, Mr. Morehead presented the army in of T. O. Johnson, Esq.

In Greensboro', on the 1st inst., by the Rev. J. exico, in relation to the suitable interment the remains of the fallen in battle; which as referred to the Committee on Military

The private calendar was then opened in intee of the Whole House; but the comee rose without action. The consideration of the naval appropriawas then resumed in Committee of Whole on the state of the Union, IMr. chwell of Massachusetts in the chair;] Mr. Brodhead, who was entitled to the Baird, late of Fayetteville, to Miss Virginia T. r from vesterday, addressed the committee Walthall, of Norfolk. the subject of the jurisdiction of Con-

Mr. Brown of Mississippi spoke an hour ication of the principles of the ordinance of ter of John Jenkins, Esq. 757, because superseded by the constitution the United States.

ound of the early compromise upon the sub-

Sundry amendments were then adopted as deans and the Committee on Naval Affairs. Mr. Petit at last obtained the floor, when committee rose, reported no conclusion, And the House adjourned till Monday.

Monday, June 5. There was not anything of importance done either House to-day. The Philadelphia teral Convention, which meets this week the purpose of nominating the Federal candates, will take off a large number of both ouses. The Senate adjourned to meet on Robert Martin, in his 65th year. aurs lay, and the House adjourned on Tuesy to meet on Friday next.

The Discussion in Raleigh .- On Monday t the candidates for Governor-Messrs Reid Manly-met in this City, according to rious appointment. The discussion occu- tions. Stock fair. d from six to seven hours. Col. Reid led two o'clock, and spoke until after four-Manly spoke until sundown, after which present our readers with a full account bush

us discussion Beyon I all question Mr. Manly, with all anecdo'es and good humor, was utterly tions-firm. whelmned by the facts and arguments adnced by Col Reid. We never had the pleae of hearing our candidate before on the np. We expected a powerful effort, but expectations were more than realized. . perhaps, so much demagogueism displayn any occasion as that which characterizhave no room for comments to day.

We are glad to have it in our power to state ant Col. Read's health has considerally improable to convass thoroughly and vigorously until the August election. Raleigh Standard, last Wednesdan.

n Monday the 5th of June: 1. Hon. Wm. Prescott, of Maine. 3 Major General J McDaniels, of Vermont, and \$1 37} Sales No. 3 Rosin at 50c 4. Col. Robert Hamilton, of New Jersey. 5. Pr. H. F. Askew, of Delaware. 6. Col. George W. Wilson, of Virginia. 7. Col James Gadsden, of South Carolina. 9. Dr J. G. M. Ramsay, of Tennessee. 10. Professor W C. Larabee, of Indiana. 11. Isaac N. Morris, Esq., of Llinois. 12. Gen James Yell, of Arkansas. 13. Col. Alex. H. Redfield, of Michigan 14 Col. A. W. Doniphan, of Missouri.

15. Dr. Ashbel Smith, of Texas.

Gen Butler's Character Endorsed .- The New York Tribune, (whig,) which does not the candidate for the Vice Presidency: "We dull-sales at 2! a 22c.-Daily Sun. are inclined to think our adversaries have put a good sort of a man for Vice President. nees stand endorsed as good men (excepting he politics,) by their political opponents Norfolk Argus.

We clip the following from the Baltiformed neutral writer:

Correspondence of the Baltimore Sun. Washington, May 30, 1848. Democratic Meetings-Speeches of Senators Dix and Benton -- The New York Difficulty - Proposed Departure of Gen. Cass-

Drowned, &c.

There was a large assemblage of the Democracy in front of the Union office last night; numerous speeches were made and excellent music discoursed. The meeting concluded between ten and eleven o'clock, when a line procession was formed, headed by the band, and marched to the residences of Senators Benton and Dix, (near together,) on C street, both of whom were called out, and male brief and pertinent addresses.

Col. Benton pledged Missouri to the nominees, and Col. Dix expressed the hope that N. York would sustain the ticket, under the impression that the existing difficulty between a candidate for the presidency, when they been small at our quoted rates. shall meet, as is proposed, in June; but I hear it asserted here that Mr. Dix will promptly decline the proffered honor.

Mr. Dix is one of the most talented members of the Senate, and perhaps less ambitious On the contrary, I have reason cash, on the wharf, and 35, cash, and 37, 4 One quart (wine measure), contains believing that he will do all in his power mos., from store. heal the breach in the party in that State. Gen. Cass, the democratic nominee for President, will leave here on Monday next, for his residence in Michigan.

an the Potomac, on Monday last. KNOX.

Why not call her the Col. Wilson?

Vote on the Ratification of the Treaty. - The Senate of the United States having taken off he unjunction of secrecy from its members. and a long rambling debate ensued, in the following is announced as the official

Yeas-Messrs, Ashley, Atherton, Bagby, Mr. Hale obtained the floor, when the fur- Bell, Bradbury, Bright, Butler, Calhoun, Cam-Ir. male obtained the hold, was postponed eron; Cass, Clarke, Crittenden, Davis of Massachusetts, Davis of Mississippi Dayton, Dickenson, Dix, Downs, Feich, Foote, Greene, r Davion summed the following: Hale, Hannegan, Hunter, Johnson of Mary-Resolved by the Senate, I hat the vice the land, Johnson of Louisiana, Johnson of Georent be requested to have the flag of the Control of States first erected by the American argia, Mangum, Mason, Miller, Moore, Niles. rupon the palace in the capital of Mexico, Rusk. Sevier, Sturgeon, Turney, Underwood,

Nays-Messrs. Allen, Atchison, Bedger, Baldwin, Bento, Berrien, Breese, Corwin, After some remarks from Mr. Dayton, Mr. Douglas, Lewis, Spruance, Upham, Webster,

MARRIED.

Esq., Mr. Robert Coal, to Miss Sarah Vason. In Cumberland county, on the 18th ul:., Mr. Wm. F. Blackwood, to Miss Mary A., daughter

A. Gretter, Wm. R. Walker, Esq., of Rockingham county, to Miss Letitia, eldest daughter of Ex-Gov. Morehead. In Salisbury, on the 16th ult., by the Rev. J. H. Parker, Mr. Theodore Hale, of New York, to Miss

Sarah Ann, daughter of the Hon. Nathaniel Boy-In Chatham county, on the 23d alt. Capt.

John M. Green, to Miss Mary Allston, daughter of Mr. John J. Goldston. In Norfolk, Va., on the 18th ult., Dr. John N.

In Fayetteville, on Thursday last, by the Rev. non the Subject of the January in the in rayettevine, on I nursuay iast, by the firey.

Adam Gilchrist, Lt. C. P. Kingsbury, of the Ordnance Department, to Miss Mary J., daughter of the late John McMillan. In Robeson county, on the 9th ult., Mr. Wilrainst the Missouri compromise, and any ap- liam Andrews, to Miss Mary Ann Jenkins, daugh-

DIED.

In this town, on the 5th inst., Mrs Rebecca posed by the Committee of Ways and Lamb, relict of Maj. Joseph H. Lamb, in the 69th year of her age. In this town, on the 29th ult, Mrs Mary Jane Burt, wife of Mr. S. S. Burt, in her 24th year. In this town, on the 4th inst, Mary Elizabeth.

> Rogers, sen., at a very advanced age, In Northampton county, on the 1st ult., Anna Greenough, in the 6th year of her age, second daughter of Henry K. Burgwyn, Esq. In Rockingham county, on the 25th ult., Col.

infant daughter of Enoch and Lydie E. Somers.

In Wake county, on the 28th ult, Col. Allen

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET-June 8th. Bacon.—Some considerable sales at quota-

Corn-Received from North Counties 2900 bushels-500 sold at 45c-1200 stored, and Reid replied at length. In our next we 800 damaged, sold at auction at 15 to 40c per

Hay-Received 260 Bales from New York, nd sold at 70 cents, cash Land-Is quite firm.

Lumber-Sales slow-see price current. Timber—Since our last a large number of Speech was fair, liberal, dignified, and rafts have arrived, and sa'es have become reich no Whig could have answered; but rafts upon the market, waiting sale. Our figt shall we say of Mr Manly? There never ures represent last sales, to which we refer. Molasses-None received, and the last receipts have principally been worked off Hol-Mr. Manly's Speech on Montay last; but ders are asking higher rates, at which we

Naval Stores-Receipts of Turpentine since our last amount to about 14,000 bbis, and sales ved, and we include the hope that he will be foot up about 12,000 bbls; leaving upon the market at the time of making up this report. about 2,000 bbls. Sales during the week at \$2 05, \$2 12\frac{1}{2}, and \$2 15 for Yellow, and \$1 05, \$1 10, and \$1 12\frac{1}{2} for Hard. Sales The following are the names of the gentle- vesterday and to day at our lowest figures, ea mysted to attend the examination of the viz: \$2 05 for Yellow Dip, and \$1 05 for ets of the military Academy, to commence Hard A few small lots of Virgin Dip has een sold during the week at \$2 40 Spirits Turnentine has improved a shade. Sales at 2. Hon Dutee J Pearce, of Rhole Island, 26, 261 and 27 cents. Sales of Tar at \$1 35

> Freights have improved 5 a 7 cents, coastwise, since our last report. See table. We would refer the reader to our table for a fair statement of the prices of all other arti- Brown & Co cles of produce, &c.

BALTIMORE, June 6th .- The flour market is quiet; no change in prices. Sales to-day of a Brown & Co few hundred bbls Howard street at \$5 624, which is the settled price-rather more sell rs than buvers. Small sales of City Mills ai \$5 65. A sale of 1.000 bis Corn Meal delivered ahead, at \$2 373. Rve flour 3 75 a \$3 874. Grain is scarce. Sales of good to prime red wheat at 1 16 a \$1 22. No & Co white in market. Corn is firm; sales of white at 45 a 46c; yellow at 47 a 48-a slight advance. mk much of the democratic nominee for the Oats 30 a 33c. Rye 73 a 75c. Provisions are Presidency, speaks as fellows of Gen. Butler, without change. Groceries steady-Whiskey

NEWBERN, N. C., June 6 .- Naval Stores .-Butler is not a great man, but we have The receipts of Turpentine, although moderate, ways considered him honest, brave, and man- have somewhat increased since our last report, in-, and we know he made a capital run for cluding some of all descriptions. The sales genovernor in 1844." The National Intelligen- erally were for Old Dip 1 90 a 1 95. Virgin ter having passed Mr. Cass, both the nomi- 2 25. Scrape 90 c. Tar.—Receipts small, price 1 30. Corn.—Supply ample, price 2 17½ a 2 25. Meal. -Scarce, 60 a 70 c. Bacon. - Dull -Rep.

CHARLESTON, June 7.—Cotton—The business of yesterday was limited to the sale of upwards of 800 beles at about the prices paid on the precemore Sun, of the 31st ult. It will be read ding day. The transactions were at extremes, with interest, as the speculations of a well in- ranging from 5 to 6%c, mostly from 6 to 6%c. -Rice-The sales of yesterday were confined to some 80 or 100 tes at former prices. Rough Rice -Between 4000 and 4500 bushels were sold at 73 and 74c per bush.—Courier.

Telegraphed for the Baltimore Sun PHILADELPHIA, June 6-P. M. The Flour market remains unchanged .-Small sales of Western brands at \$5 50, and last season, has, since that time, greatly enlarged Pennsylvania do. at \$5 62 a \$5 75. Corn and improved his buildings, and is now prepared Meal, \$2 31 a \$2 43 Rye Flour, \$3 68.— to accommodate a much larger number, and no Wheat is dull. Sales of Red at \$1 16 a \$1 18, trouble or expense will be spared to make his paand White nominal at \$1 20 a \$1 25. Corn trons comfortable and satisfied. firm, with sales of Yellow at 50c per bushel. The medicinal properties of the water have Goshen Cheese. For sale by Oats, 34 a 36c. Rye, 68 a 70c. Provisions been tested, and although not sufficient "to cure are without special movement, and prices as all the ills of which the human flesh is heir to' last quoted. Groceries steady. Rice, \$3 56 are well adapted to the cure of Dyspepsia, Liver a \$3 60 per 100 lbs. The Cotton market is Complaints, diseases of the skin, &c., satisfactory dull, and the tendency of prices is downward, evidence of which can be easily obtained from per-

21 a 22 cents per gallon. Boston, May 31.—The market continues firm accommodation at Henderson, and also at the the Barnburners and Hunkers would be ami- for Spirits Turpentine, and sales since our last Warrenton Depot. cably adjusted. The first of these, it is pre- have been made at 35 a 36 c., cash, & 39 a 40 c., sumed, will put forth the name of Mr. Dix, as 6 mos. In Tar, Rosin and Pitch the sales have His charges will be as follows:

FATETTEVILLE, June 3.-Cotton 61 to 63; Families per day, Bacon 7 to 71; Corn 50 to 55; Lard 7 to 8;

Whi-key 25 to 30; Flour 51 to 53 dls. NEW YORK, June 3 - Naval Stores-We than any other member of that body, in mat- notice the sales of 700 barrels North County ters of mere political pre-eminence and no one Turpentine at \$2 50 per 280 lbs.; 400 barrels who knows his party of principles and great selected Tar at \$2: 1200 bbls. North County discreetness, can for a moment believe that he Rosin at 55 cents, from vessel; and some few would allow his name to be used in any such hun fred bbls. Spirits Turpentine at 34 a 34 c, ANALYSIS OF THE WATER BY PROFESSOR HARDY. cents per lb.

Telegraphed for the Baltimore Son. NEW YORK, June 6-6 P. M. The market for Cotton is quite stagnant. Buyers demand a decline, which holders ob- Oxide of Iron A man by the name of Glover, a book-bin | ject to. Sales of about 500 bales to spinners | Muriate of Soda ner, was accidently drowned while out fishing | The transactions in Flour have been about 3,- | Carbonate of Lim 000 barrels, at \$5 37 \(\) a \$5 50, for common June 9, 1847. [39-6t] WM. D. JONES. Genesee brands. Small sales Southern at \$6 Steamer Oregon.—We are happy to an a \$6 12; Howard street, affoat, is offered at \$6. nounce to our readers that a boat under this title has been purchased in Baltimore, to be 2,600 bushels Wisconsin at \$1 08 a \$1 09.— Bags Laguira Coffse; do; run regularly between this place and Wash- Corn is wanted for shipment, but holders and buyers cannot agree. Sales of 10,000 bush. For sale by She is represented to be a handsome boat, els, at 53 cts. for Southern mixed, and 58 for well adapted for freight or passengers. Quere. Why not call her the Col. Wilson?

Southern flat yellow. Meal is held firmly at Southern flat yellow. Meal is held firmly at \$2 50 a \$2 62½ for Jersey, and \$2 75 for Bran Just received per Schr. Alaric. For sale by HOWARD & PROPERTY. Tarboro' Press, 3d inst. dywine. Sales of 200 bbls. mess pork at \$10.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

WHOLESALE PRICES. By Cromy, Walker & Hall, Auctioneers. BACON-Per pound. Hams, Middlings, Shoulde Western,
BEAN :- Per bushel-White, BEESWAX-Per pound. BUTTER-Per pound, BEEF-Per barrel Northern-Mess. 7 00 a 4 50 a 250 bbls. Spirits Turpentine and balance Rosin. HORSE AT AUCTION. N Tuesday morning. 13th of June, at the and Saddle Horse. Sale positive.

Beef, on the hoof, per cut., CORN-Per bushel, COFFEE- Per pound, COTTON-Per pound, none. CANDLES-Tallow-per pound. Sperm,
Adamantine,
FEATHERS-Per pound,
FLOUR-Canal-Per barrel, Fayetteville,

HA Y-Northern-Per 100 pounds, IRON-Per pound, LARD-Per pound, N. C. Western,
LIME-Thomastown-Perharrel
LUMBER-River-Per M. 8 00 a Flooring Boards, Wide, do. do. Scantling, Timber, Mill, Shipping Timber, no MOLASSES-West Indies, New Orleans, MACKEREL-Per barrel. NAILS-Per pound, 41 a
NAVAL STORES-Per barrel-320 pounds. Virgin Dip, new 1 35 a Pitch No. 2, No. 3, Spirits Turpentine, OIL-Sperm-Per gallon, PEAS-Ground-Per bushel, Black Eye, PC RK-Per barrel. Northern Mess, Prime, . 8 50 a RICE-Per 100 pounds, Rough-Per bushel, SALT-Per bushel. 35 3 Turks Island. Liverpool—sack, SOAP—Per pound, SHINGLES—Per M. 90 a 1 12 Country, . Contract, . SPIRITS-Per gallon. Northern Rum, Whiskey Apple Brandy, STEEL-Per pound, STAVES-Per M. White Oak barrels-rough, 8 - a 1000Dressed Red Oak Hogshead-rough Dressed. SUGAR-Per pound. 9 00 a 14 00 Porto Rico,

Note. -River Lumber, Tar and Turpentine are al ways sold in the water, and are subject to the expense Flour-Sales Fayetteville flour at quota- of landing, inspection, cooperage, &c; say on lumber 80c to \$1 per M : tar and Turpentine about 10c. per bbl. For dry virgin or mixed turpentine a deduction is made

22

· 20 a

70 a 5 00

St. Croix,

WINES-Per gallon.

Madeira,

according to quality.

OBACCO-Leaf-Per cut., ARNISH-Per gallon,

FREIG	HTS:					
TO NEW YORK-						
Turpentine and Rosin, pe	r bbl.,		25	a		27
Spirits Turpentine, per bl	ol.,		_	a		40
Rice, per mandred lbs., g	ross,		15	a		_
Cotton, per bale,		1	00	a		
Cotton goods and yarns, p	er bale.		50	a		-
Tobacco, per Hhd.,	8	3	-	a	4	-
Flax Seed, per cask,			90	a		-
Ground Peas, per bushel,			6	a		-
Lumber, p r M.,	8	3	50	a	4	50
TO PHILADELPHIA—						
Turpentine, per bbl.,			25	a		
Spirits l'urpentine, per bl	ol.,		40	a		
Tar, per bbl.	•		20	a		
Ground P. as, per bushel,				a		6
Lumber, per M.		3	50	a	4	_
Cotton goods & yarns, per	cubic ft.,			a		6
TO BOSTON -						
Turpentine, per bbl.,			35	a		
Spirits l'urpentine, per bl	ıl.,		45	a		50
Lumber, per M.,	,	5	00	a	6	00

er maringuler. Er PORT OF WILMINGTON.

June 2-Barque David Nichols, Nichols, Boston, to E Dickinson.

Brig John Will, Brandford, Bristol, R. I., to DeRosset, Brig John Clifford, Staples, Boston, to Ballard & Hun Brig Oxford, Clark, Boston, to O. G. Parsley. Victory, Smith, Maddleton, N. C., DeRosset,

n of Co. Schr Col. McRae, Davis, Charleston, to DeRosset Schr Marion, Johnson, Little River, S. C., to G W Da-6-Schr E. S. Powell, Powell, New York, to G W Da-DeRosset, Brown & Co Steamer Rowan, Hurt, Fayetteville, to J C Latta. 8-Barque Aurora, Willoby, New York, to G W Da-

Brig Magnolia, Morris, New York, to Master.

CLEARED June 3-Schr Jonas Smith, Davis, New York, by R W Schr Alaric, Prosser, New York, by R W Brown.
Schr Wakulla, Varnum, New York, by C W Davis.
Schr Aleyona, Myers, Boston, by do.
5-Brig Belle, Myers, New York, by do.
Brig Tangier, Park, Matanzas, by Fotter & Kidder.
7-Schr Leesburg, Boon, Philadelphia, by DeRo set, Rown & Co.

Steamer Win B Meares, McRae, Fayetteville, by J C Schr Col. McRae, Davis, Charleston, S C, by DeRost, Brown et vo. Sahr Marion, Johnson, Little River, by do. Brig Altevella, Winn, Boston, Mass, by Harriss & Schr Aurora, Upton, Fall River, Mass, by E Dickin-8-Schr. Mon soon, Silliman, Philad., by G. W. Davis.

WARREN NORTH CAROLINA

WHITE SULPHER SPRINGS. THE PROPRIETOR of this establishment being unable, for the want of room, to accommodate all that visited this healthful place of resort the

Buyers ask a concession. Whiskey is dull at sons living in the neighborhood of the Springs. Persons travelling on the Raleigh and Gaston Rail Road will always find a Hack ready for their The Proprietor has a good supply of ICE.

\$16 00 Families per month. Families per week, 1 00 Single persons, per month 7 50 Single persons per week. 1 25 Single persons per day, Children and servants half-price. 10 00 Horses per menth, 3 00

.5000 Carbonic acid gas grains Sulph. Magnesia 5.9 Salph Lime

sulphuretic hydrogen gas 2.9634 cubic in.

5 do St Domingo do

HOWARD & PEDEN. BUTTER.

HOWARD & PEDÉN.

AUCTION SALES.

PORT WARDEN'S SALE. THIS DAY, the 9th inst., at 3 o'clock, P M, will be sold, near Shallotte Bar, under the inspection of the Port Wardens, for account of whom it may concern, the Hull, Standing Rigging. Anchors, Chains and Bont of Schr. Abigail Haynes, as she now lies stranded on said Bar. Also, the cargo of said schooner, landed on the beach, viz:

Court House, we will sell a fine Harness CRONLY, WALKER & HALL.

\$20 REWARD.

RUNAWAY from the subscriber, on the 27th THE subscriber respectfully informs the public f May last, his negro man JOSH, (better known s somewhat grey.

ne subscriber, in Bladen county, June 9, 1848 (39-3t) R. W. JOHNSON.

SELLING OFF AT COST! The handsome and well selected stock of Fancy, Dry and Staple Goods, of NATHAN DREY, dec'd. are now being sold off at prime cost. Those who want to purchase bargains in this line had better all at once, as sales of the whole stock must and vill be speedily effected. The stock consists of a well selected assortment of FANCY Gouns, which were bought a few months since in the Northern markets, principally for cash. The Ladies are particularly invited to call and examine the stock of Goods now offered at cost. They can obtain bargains. JOSEPH DREY. bargains.

May 26, 1848.—[37tf OLD POINT COMFORT HOTEL. MHIS extensive and beautiful establishment is now open for the reception of Visiters. Surounded entirely by salt water, it affords every facility for Sea Bathing, and offers every inducement to the traveller in pursuit of health or pleasure .--The Hotel is complete in all its arrangements :-active and efficient assistants have been procured, and no exertion will be spared to render it in all rspects the most agreeable and interesting resort the whole country.

Board per day, \$2 00. By the week at the rate of \$1 50 per day. By the month at the rate of \$1 00 per day. Cuildren and servants half price

JAMES S. FRENCH. May 26, 1848--[37-tf

SHOCCO SPRINGS WARREN COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA.

HIS pleasant Summer retreat, newly fitted up, surrounded by a beautiful forest grove. offering inducements to those seeking health or pleasure, is again open to visitors.

The Proprietor will devote to it his personal atention, aided by good assistants; and from his experience in public life, he flatters himself that his Establishment will compare, in manner and vie. with any other of the kind. Shocco is acssible by the Raleigh and Gaston Rail Road. within 12 miles of Warrenton Depot, from which. via Warrenton, the Proprietor will run a daily ine of post coaches, and thereby giving visitors the benefit of a daily mail while at shacco. The medicinal properties of Shacco Water are, Sulpher, Soda, Magnisia, Lime & Epsom Salts, has proven, by a test of more than half a century, its efficacy in the cure of most diseases incidental to a Southern climate.

Transient Persons, except those boarding with the Proprietor, will be charged for the use of the A good Band of Music will be in attendance

during the sesson. SAMUEL CALVERT, Proprietor. May 26, 1848-137-9t. EXTRACT OF ROSE.

flavoring Ice Creams Jellies, Custards, Pastry, &c. For sale by LIPPIT & WILLKINGS, Druggists and Chemists. A FRESH SUPPLY

Of Clickener's Sugar coated Pills just received, and for sale by LIPPITT & WILLKINGS. Druggists and Chemists.

MESS PORK.

15 Bbls Mess Pork, in store and for sale at lowest market price. WM. A GWYER. 15 Hhds Western Bacon in store of the very

choicest quality; for sale by W. A. GWYER. EXCHANGE ON NEW YORK. I will sell Drafts on New York, drawn at 90 days WM. A. GWYER. sight. Apply to

GROCERIES. Just received and for sale, 25 Bbls handsome Brown Sugar; 3 Hhds Clarified do; 5 Boxes s. Schr Athalia, Purnell, New York, to DeRosset, Brown | Loaf do; 25 Bags Coffee; 25 Bbls superior Rec--Schr John Potts Brown, Crockett, Philadelphia, to tified Whiskey; 5 Bbls old Monongahela do.; 20 Bbls, and 5 Hhds Moiasses. HOLMES & HAWES.

BUTTER.

New Goshen Butter, for sale by HOWARD & PEDEN. [m26] FAYETTEVILLE FLOUR, For sale in lots to suit purchasers, by HOWARD & PEDEN.

[m26]OLD NICK'S WHISKEY 6 Bbls superior OLD WHISKEY, received direct from Old Nick's Distillery; for sale by HOWARD & PEDEN.

JUST RECEIVED. And for sale at HOWARD & PEDEN'S: 20 doz. Hackers-Maul Bryan's Pattern.

N. C. HAMS. 10,000 lbs N. C. Hams. For sale by HOWARD & PEDEN.

CORN FOR SALE. Several hundred bushels of Corn in store.

sale at 50 cents per bushel, retail, by CHEESE-CHEESE.

A few casks left of that superior English and WM. A. GWYER. m191

TUNIPER SHINGLES-50,000 Juniper shingles, for sale by March 3 CRONLY, WALKER & HALL.

THE ANÆSTHETIC AGENT (Chloroform,) as a substitute for Sulphuric Ether, Surgery and Milwifery. Just received a fresh supply; for sale by LIPPITT & WILLKINGS. Druggists and Chemists.

to hand. Customers supplied at the Ice House. SHAW & REPITON. 6 00 House. March 24,-[28-tf

LARD-LARD!

SOAP. 50 boxes Colgates soap. For sale by HOWARD & PEDEN. j:2

WM. A. GWYER. MOLASSES. 5 hhds prime retailing Cuba Molasses: For sale WM. A. GWYER. j**2** by

11 tube to arrive per schr. Athalia. For sale by WM. A. GWYER. O'W PEAS, COW PEAS. -2000 Bushels just arrived from Plymouth, G. W. DAVIS.

FRESH ORANGE COUNTY BUTTER.

for sale by DAILY EXPECTED. Old Manongahela Whiskey; 50 doz. pale Ale, not professionally engaged.

qts. and pts., very superior; Capers, Sardines, Canton Ginger, Pickles. Mustard, Oils, Wines, Vinegars, &c. For sale by

NOTICE.

THE subscribers having purchased the entire stock of Groceries, &c. of Mr. Boland, will continue the business at the Store formerly occupie by him, and in addition to their present stock wil receive in a few days a fresh supply of every arti-cle usually kept in their line, and solici: a contin-

uance of the patronage of his former customers. They will pay particular attention to the selection of FAMILY GROCKHIS, and hope, by unremited attention, and using their best endeavors to please, to give satisfaction to all who may favor hem with a call. They will also attend to the sale of all kinds of

Produce. CARROLL & FENNELL.

Wilmington, N C., June 2, 1818. 38tf "ENCOURAGE HOME INDUSTRY." Harness, Trunk, and Saddle MANUFACTURY.

that he has recently returned from the North, Blagdon, James W as Josh Kelly. Said negro is of dark complexion, where he laid in a full and complete stock of Sad- Bradford, John C about 6 feet high; weighs 150 or 156 pounds, and dle and Harness mountings, &c. &c., of the latest Barlow, John and most improved styles, and is constantly man-Twenty dollars will be given for his delivery to ufacturing, at his store on Market street, formerly occupied by Guy C. Hotchkiss, every description Burriss, John of articles in the above line. From his experience Burriss, John H in the business, he feels confident that he will be Bradford, Wm able to give entire satisfaction to his customers.—

Bean, Cummings
He has, and will keep, a constant supply of
Breaker, Rev J H He has and will keep, a constant supply of Saddles, Bridles, Martingales, Collars, Riding Bowles,

and Wagon Whips, Bitts and Spurs. Carpet and Saddle Bags, Trunks, &c. &c., and every other article usually kept in establishments of the kind, all of which will be warranted to be of the best materials and workmanship, and Burch, Wri sold on moderate terms for cash, or on short credit | Bunch, J H to punctual customers.

REPAIRING of every description promptly at- Blake, Chas H tended to. Coaches and Carriages trimmed in a Bowden, L H Briant. Joseph neat and substantial style. Medical Bags, Cushions of every description, Bancrott, Josef and all other orticles usually manufactured in es-

tabli hments of the kind, made to order. Persons wishing to purchase Rinine Veni-CLES, would find it to their interest to give him a JOHN J. CONOLEY. April 28, 1848

> PROPOSALS FOR A LOAN. THEASURY DEPARTMENT,

April 17, 1848. CEALED proposals will be received, under the Baker, Wm act of 31st March last, until 3. p. m., on Sat- Baker, C L urday, the 17th of June, 1848, for sixteen millions Burgwin, miss M of dollars of United States stock, reimbursable Burgwin, G W B Bordaux, Thadeus twenty years from and after the 1st day of July, Bourdaux, Sarah 1848, bearing six per cent interest per annum, Burdeaux, Rich'd payable semi-annually, on the first days of Jan- Brown, John uary and July of each year. No bid wil be re- Brown, Jas B ceived below par; nor will any bid be censidered | Brown, Isaac unless one per cent. thereof is deposited in some depository of the United States at or before the Branen, Aren'd Brocket James date fixed for opening the proposals. The bids in Burnet, Thos all cases, must be unconditional, and without any reference to the bids of others, and should state distinctly the premium offered. The proposals Betts, George should be sealed, and endorsed " Propus Is for loan of 1848," and addressed to the Secretary of the Treasury, Washington City, D. C. The Burtt, David Burtt, Samuel sums which may be a cepted will be required to Brinkley, Wm 3 be paid to the depositary of the United States nearest the places of residence of the persons re- Chadwick, Sam'l J spectively whose offers may be successful; but Carr, Rufus e amount of the accepted bids from bidders no residing in the United States, must be deposited

with the assistant treasurers at New York, Boston Chesbro, Enoch Philadelphia, or New Orleans. To give an opportunity to all persons to particinate in the investment of funds in this stock, bids will be received for the lowest denomination of Campbell, John certificates authorized by law-being for fifty dol- Cromlay, James

ars—as well as for higher sums. All certificates under one thousand dollars will be transferable on the books of the treasury; but Cross, John all certificates for that sum and upwards will be Chavers, Tom tran-ferable on the books of the treasury, or by Curtis, James delivery with coupons attached, at the option Clark, Henry of the bidder. To avoid expense, confusion. and multiplication of accounts, all certificates with coupons attached will be for the sum of Craig, mrs F 2 one thousand dollars.

Meakin's pure concentrated Extract of Rose, for The successful bidders will be required to deposite the amount awarded in five equal instalnents in each of the months of July, August, Sepember. October, and November of the present year, except for sums not exceeding twenty thousand d llars, where the bidder may be desirous of making immediate payment, in which case the whole amount may be at once deposited. The stock will bear interest in all cases from the date

of deposite. The bids will be opened at the Treasury De partment at 3. p. m., on Saturday, the 17th of June, 1818, in the presence of all persons who may desire to attend; but, under a provision introduced into the act of 31st March last, no bidder wil be permitted to withdraw his bid. On all bids not accepted, the amount deposited in advance will be immediately returned. The whole premium on the amount awarded must be deposited as part of the first payment required in July R. J. WALKER.

Secretary of the Treasury Each of the daily papers of Boston, New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore Charleston, and New Orleans, and in all other States the papers selected to print the laws of the United States, are authorized to publish this advertisement.

April 21, 1848--[32-17thJi vew vore Furniture Warehouse! FRONT STREET, NEAR MARKET,

WILMINGTON, N. C. HE subscriber would respectfully call the attention of the public to his extensive assortment of CABINET FURNITURE, which for beauty or workmanship, he will guarantee to be superior to any ever yet brought to the Southern Market, and at the most reasonable prices .-Among his stock can always be found:-Marble and plain top Bureaus. Egyptian and White Marble top Centre Tables,

Marble top Washstands, Wardrobes and Sideboards Sofas, Divans, and Couches, French Bedstrads, High and low post Maple Bedsteads, Windlass and Trumel Bed-teads, Walnut and Mahogany stuffed Rockers, Walnut and Mahogany Parlor Chairs, Writing Desks of every description, Ladies Work Tables, Quartette Tables, Ladies Sewing Chairs, Cane and Wood Seat Nursing Chairs Mahogany Dining and Tea Tables, Common Walnut and Cherry Tables, Night Cabinets and sick Chairs, Portable Writing Desks,

Ladies Work Boxes, Cribs, Cradles, and Children's Chairs, Butlers. Trays, and Towel Racks, Settees, cane and wood seats. Office Chairs and Cushions, Large cane back Rockers.

Cane and wood seat Stools of every size Manle Chairs of every description, Common Chairs in any quantity, Looking Glasses, Cotts, Mattresses, and Pillows F. CLARK. dec. dec. Any article of furniture manufactured at short notice.

Furniture packed safely for transportation. May 19, 1848-[28-6mis Copartnership Notice. HE undersigned, have this day formed

ELLIS & MITCHELL. for the transaction of a General Grain business. 50 kegs Western Lard in store, and for sale at 8 It is their intention to keep always on hand Corn, Meal Homony, Horse Feed, Peas, Beans Hay, Oats, &c., &c. Office, Lord's building, opposite Wessel's dock.

L Copartnership under the firm of

CHARLES D. ELLIS, B. F. MITCHELL. 2,000 bushels Corn now on hand and for sale. April 29, 1848--[34 tf DR ALEXANDER D. MOORE,

AVING located himself at Kenansville, Du-plin county, for the purpose of pursuing the practice of medicine in its various branches, respectfully tenders his professional services to the citizens of the village and surrounding country. Per Brig Belle, and Schr. Leesburg-10 bbls He may be found at his office at all times when May 19, 1948-[36-tf

Mustard, Oils, Wines, sale by
HOWARD & PEDEN.

Molasses, for sale by
E. J. BERNARD.

R. CRAIN'S SPINO ABDOMINAL SUP.
PORTER—a decided improvement. For sale
WM. SHAW.

REMAINING in the Post Office at Wilmington, N. C., on the Stat day of May, 1848.

Those whose names appear on this List, will please ask for advertised Letters.

Craig, Henry Conner, Hiram Hill, Thos W larper, Maria M Conner, Alfred Cox, Josiah 2 Harper, J B Harper, Bennet Hitner, F C 2 Cains, Elizabeth Cotter, John Herring, N I. 2 Cunningham, WR Hayward, Wm A 2 Hudlar, Elizabeth onner, Thomas Calhoun, mrs J C Hudler, Frederick Drummond, A Doscher, Carsten Holden, J T Huet, Jol Dunbar, John M Hewet, Mr Dixon, James Hicks, Wm Dickson, Wm Dekezer, Wm Johnson, S E Derisett, Jenny Dun, John ohnson, Chas lones, Peter Douning, Joseph Jones, Henry Dennis, Wm 2 Jones, Lieut C R

she, Melissa B

she, mrs Thos

Allen, Stanford 2

Allen, Rebecca A

Atkinson, Daniel

Allen, James

Allen, Thos

Allen, Nathan

Anderson, J P

Ames. David

Benson, Robert

Bannerman, R T

Blount, Shade

Brickle, James

Biven, Irvin 2

Brock, Mary A

Bowles, Thomas (

Becton, Frederick

Baber, Mary Jane

Bancroft, Jbseph

Bray, Nicholas

Beli, Freeman E B

Barton, Ellen

Burr, Aaron 3

Bell, Caleb N

Bell, Margaret P

Barnes, James 2

Baker, Sidney

Branen, Arch'd 2

Burnet, Richard

Clapp, Joseph W

Canady, Green

Currier, Thos C

Charles, mrs E M

Crosby, James W

Crooms, Timothy

Clarrcan, Joseph

Cropper, Wm B

Collins. John

and J. M. Lewis.

satisfy plaintiff's claim.

33 6w

Riding Vehicles.

April 28, 1848-[33

cases made and provided.

May 12, 1848--[35-4t

May 17th, 1848 .- [36tf

ing Hair, Pire Brick, &c.

April 21, 1848-[32

[m26]

for sale by

Collins, Wa

Betts, G W

Bell, H H

Bell. Eliza

Bryan, Mary M

Baldwin, Mary

Boon, Lewis

Artis, John

Jard, Elizabeth Dudley, - Esq Jackson, Robert Dudley, Anna Jobson, Silvester Jardine, Geo Jellerson, Stephen Deal, Joseph 2 Deal, Joseph C Johnson, James Davis John W Knowles, Josiah Davis, Ross C Korljohann, D Davis, Thomas King, James R L Kennedy, Eliey Kinyon, Joseph S Davis, Lenore Ellis, Alford Elweil, Jacob M Kelly, Geo H Luchas, Edward T Everett, John Eleve, W TM ondon, John indsay, George English, Daniel Lebby, Abram B Ebowers, John Lyons, Fanny Legg, James N Ewalt, Sam'l A 2 Foy, Mary A Fowrth, Sam'l H Logan, B Ledon, W B Friend, Allen

Freeman, Hetty J Lamott, Caroline Fowler. Peter Laspiere, Primas Fostar, Wm Luneen, Jere Foster, Chas S 2 Fitch, Joseph B 2 Larkins, Geo Farrow, John Farrow, John C Merrill. Walter A fason, Elizabeth Farrow, Enoch Mitchell, mrs B B Grant, E H Goodwin, Chas C Morrison, Thomas Goodman, Luke Meeks, Tabitha Gray, Capt Grafton, Joseph Melvin, Mary E Marshal, George Grange, Larry Murrell, Jas W Marines, A Garrison, Jeda Marther, Wm George, Edward Gilbert, J D

Mitchell, Sam'l Masey, Ira Merrick, Sophia Green, W Grimes, Thomas 2 Martutin, jr, Alex' Gibbs, R W Meares, John Merritt, Alex'r Hale, E J Morris, Lucy B 2 Heady, Charles Murphy, J H 2 Hardgrave, Sarah Harover, G H Hacket, A L Moope, Peter Morse, Jos M 2 Howard, R J Morse, Arnsdell Hammonds, Mary Morse, Mrier Hamilton, S Huschfield. M Moore, R. Hollifield, Dr W 2 Miller, Daniel 3 Hays, Thomas Martin, John Hersh, Henry Martin, John R Hopkins, John Metts, James E 3 Highs. John Metts. Flora Maultsby, Isaiah 2 Hostler, Mary J Healey, Edbert P McKay, Spencer McCoy, James W Howell, Rev Peter McKny, Caroline Harp, Gilbert M

McCollum, M McCallum, C 2

Harlan, jr, Sam'l

Healey, Edward

Hatch, Wm 2

Hall, Mary E

Hall. C

Hatch, Christopher

Hall Richard P 2

Huggins, Lucy A 2

Hubbard, S N 2

Hill. Thos B

CTATE OF NORTH-CAROLINA.

Sessions, April Term, 1848.-Henry Hollings-

worth, vs. Charles C. Stanland,-Original At-

tachment levied on 11 acre of Land, near Strick-

land's Depot, West side of and adjoining the

the Wilmington Journal, for six weeks, notify-

Teste, J. H. JERMAN, Cl'k.

printer's fee \$4 37

GEORGE BROWN.

ing the said defendant to appear at the next term

NEW COACH SHOP.

SIGN AND FANCY PAINTING.

THE subscriber respectfully informs the public

that he has opened a COACH SHOP on

front street, opposite the Journal Office, where

he is prepared to make up and repair all kinds of

NOTICE

MO the debtors and creditors of Henry M. Foyles,

dec'd, late of the County of New Hanover :-

At March Term, A. D. 1848, of the Court of Pleas

and Quarter Sessions of the County of New Han-

subscriber within the time prescribed by law or

they will be barred of recovery, by virtue of the

Act of the General Assembly of this State in such

FOR SALE.

MHE subscriber offers for sale, a PIANO, of the

very first order; as to brilliancy of tone and

beauty of workmanship it cannot be excelled. It

was made by Knabe & Gaeble, Baltimore, who

Lime! Lime! Lime!

BBLS. landing; also, Hydraulie Cement; Calcined Plaster; Plaster-

CHEAP,

5 Bales Heavy Cotton Osnaburgs; 10 Bales as-

sorted Brown Domestic; 25 pieces heavy Linen

Osnaburgs; 2 Bales heavy Brown Drilling; 3

Our stock of FANCY Goods we are selling at

very reduced prices. Persons in want of such

MESS Pork, Flour, Sugar, Coffee, Camiles, So-

da Biscuit, Pilot Bread—just received and for sale by E. J. BERNARD.

Goods are invited to call and examine them.

the subscriber. Terms will be made easy.

DANIEL M. FOYLES, Adm'r.

S. J. CARROLL,

at WM. SHAW's Drug Store.

J. C. & R. B. WOOD.

Builders and Contractors.

HOLMES & HAWES.

of the said deceased, in due form of law.

Duplin County, Court of Pless and Quarter

Stevens, Ira Stills, Agnas Stein, A Shemwell, P Stoney, C F McClain, Isabella McKethers, M2 McArn, Hugh cLendon, Ino K McLean, D D McKenzie mr Southall, George Huggins, Rev T 3 McDaniel & Har-Holt, James C 2 McOlom, J tvey, Sellers, Peter L

Robertson, m Roberson, Win 2 Robinson, George Skipper, Arch'd Strode, Porter Shanck, Sarah J Sandford, David H Seelman, Sam'l Sweelland, Thos B Stuckey, Sophia Stuart, Thos J Stemmerman, C Spires, Mary A Sive, Benjamin Shephard, Isai**ah** Sanders Oliver Sanders, David S Sanders, David Sanders, David W Schonwald, J T Staples, Everett McLearan, John Springs, Joseph S Walker, mr McLeod, Martha A Sampson, Marg 3 Williams, L Sampson, Martha Southall, Geo A

Warner, D L 2 Warrenton, Jas W Richardson, J E 2 Willard, Wm H Whitley, W B Rogers, Noah Rogers. John N Reid, Mary J Wheeler, Joseph Wier, Josephine Winters, Caswell Weeker, Charles Reed, Gilman Wheeler, Augus, Whitaker, B F Ward, Alonzo Wadden, Wm Waton, S Wells, Boncy Wilbar, Henry Wyman, Ben*j*a: Ware, Beni White, Isaac World, Betsev. 2 Waddell, Ann R. Wilson, Wm A Winn, Jasor Wm Winn, Wiff Wilkings, E W Wood, Levy 2 Watts, Edwin

DANIEL DICKSON, P. M.

Savage, Prudy Savage, J.T. Savage, Francis

Savage, F W 2

Smith, Wm

Smith, Jas G

Smith, Richard

Smith, Arthur C

Smith, Jas H 2

Smith, Mary Ann Smith, Michael W

Taytan, Edw'd

Talpey, Josiah

Furner, Thos

Thompson, Wm Tolman, Moses

Trask, Freeman Trask, Thomas

Taylor, Henry Upton, Horace 3

Vollers, C H Whitehead, Edwd

Whited, Duncan

Watson, Job H

Tipe(t;

Robinson & Cald- Upham, Joseph G

[well,

Tarler, Edw'd W

Smith, Ann

Henry A

McCallum, Hugh Scott, Harriet Nickson, Charlotte Savage, Prudy

Nixon, Alonzo Nelson, John Narden, H

Nash, Lucy Ann 2 Nickells, Caleb 2

Oxenham, Jas A

Prieten, Martitt Pritchett, Charlotte

rosire, Dan'l G 2

Patton, Jas W 2

Pearce, Dr S J

Purify, Rev N A

Pemberton, Geo

Pepper, Lewis

Pool, J N

Pendleton, Ann G

Pearson, John S

Pinder, Lewis C

Pritchet, Henry

Pickett, mrs E J 3 Pickett, Mary K 3

Potter, Anna B Pyle, Charles W

Pike, Joseph 8

Register, John

Rutjen, Diederich

Ruggles, Caroline Reddick, Arch'd

Rouen. Nicless

Rav & Pearce,

Ross, Asa

Rue, E H

Reaves, G W

Peacock.Caroline 2

Pridgen, J J

Cliver, John M

Onsbey, R B

Norris, Wm

Neal, Ann

Narke, mr

Winburn, Rebecca Wilkings, John B Wyllie, Samuel, Wiley, Henry W Walker, Hancy C Walker, Pompey Walker, Mary Jatte Walker, Lucy Ann Williams, Lott Williams, Hosey Williams, Polley Williams, Christian Williams, Henry V Woster, Joanna Woster, Maris Williams, Elizabeth

ENGLISH, CLASSICAL, MATHE-MATICAL AND MERCANTILE SCHOOL. MHE subscribers beg leave to inform the citizens of Wayne and the adjoining counties, that they have opened an English, Classical, Mercan-

Public Road and the lands of J. D. Wilson tile and Mathematical School, in the town of Goldsborough. It appearing to the satisfaction of the Court that The Senior instructor, Mr. JOHN ROBINSON, is ne defendant in this case is not an inhabitant of a practical and experienced Teacher, having for his State, or so ab-conds or conceals himself that the last ten years stood at the head of his profeshe ordinary process of the law cannot be served sion in Europe, as the many flattering testimonials pon him, it is ordered that publication be made in his possession will show. William Robinson flatters himself that he is already favorably known in this region, as a teacher who has always been of this Court, to be held at Kenansville, on the 3d faithful in the discharge of duty, and successful in Monday in July next, and replevy the said proimparing instruction, and would, therefore throw perty, or the same will be condemned and sold to himself upon his old patrons of Wayne Lenoir, and Edgecombe-in which counties he has spent the last nine years-for a share of that patronege

which they always so cheerfully bestowed apon Mr. John Robinson will superintend the English, Mercantile, and Mathematical department, and give instruction in the Italian and French languages -- also in instrumental music, if require Vocal music will constitute a part of the daily

exercises of the pupils Mr. William Robinson will superintend the Classical department.

He has also engaged the services of a master They have built and fitted up a new School Painter, and is prepared to execute Sign and fan-Room, and hope that their effort to establish y Chair pairing, clean and varnish furniture, School of high literary merit in this rising and paint and polish Co ches, in a style not to be flourishing town, will not be in vain. They comsurpassed. He solicits a share of public patronmence it on individual enterprise, and under the age, and will at all times endeavor to give entire most discouraging circumstances, and rely upon atisfaction to those who may favor him with their the merits of the Institution alone for support. The School is now in operation, and those who wish to avail themselves of its advantages, are re-

quested to make no delay in entering, that the classes may be properly and advantageously organized. For further particulars, apply to either of the JOHN ROBINSON. WILLIAM ROBINSON.

Goldsborough, Dec. 14th, 1847. over. Letters of Administration upon the estate of MARBLE MONUMENTS.

THE subscribers have taken the agency All persons indebted to the estate of the said dean extensive MARBLE MANUPACTORY ceased, are hereby notified to make immediate at the North, and will receive orders for the above payment, and those having claims, accounts, and named articles on as favorable terms as can be prodemands against the estate of the said deceased, are requested to present them for payment to the

> with the prices, which may be seen at any time. KEEN & HUSTON, Contractors & Builders, Wilmington, N C. February 11, 1848. [22-17 5.000 Acres of Turpentine and Timbered LAND FOR SALE.

TRHE subscriber offers for sale 5,000 scres of LAND in Cumberland county, on both sides of Lower Little River, known as the Murchison Land. The principal part of the above land is well covered with large Pines quitable for Ton Timber; the balance is first rate Torpentine Land, all convenient to the River, which is navigable to stand pre-eminent as manufacturers. Persons its junction with Cape Pear River. wishing a tirst rate instrument will please call on

> land, a part of which is now under fence and cultivation, with a good larn. &c. If not sold at private sale before the 21st day of June, I shall then offer it at public sale at the Court House in Payetteville, to the Lighest bidder. It will be divided in lots to suit purchasers, or sold in one body if desired. Persons wishing to view the land, will find a plat of it at Col. Alex'r Murchisor's, who will take pleasure in riding over the land with any one disposed to purchase during my absence. I expect to be on the premises a week or ten days before the day of sale, and will

> times. Torms, 1, 2, and 3 years' credit, with in-

JUST RECEIVED. A large and fresh supply of Jones' Amber Tooth Paste; do. I. lly White Powder; do. Chemical dosp. All of which have given general satisfac-

MEAL,

100 Bushels ; for

Henry M. Foyles, dec'd, late of said county, were duly granted by said Court to the subscriber, who TOMB TABLES, at the same time, was qualified as Administrator Head & Foot Stones, &c.

> cured from any other establishment. They have a variety of patterns and styles,

There is also some fine Swamp and Cane-brake

JUST RECEIVED AND FOR SALE during my absence, Col. Murchison is authorized to make sale of any part of it. Great bargains may be expected, as I will sell at prices to suit the

> JNO. S. PEARSON. terest. May 26, 1848-[37-3t

tion in this place and the surrounding county
LIPPITT 4 WILLKINGS, Druggists and Chemists

HOWARD & PEDEN'S.

tvey, Sellers, Peter L Scott, Amelia Scott, Robert

It is not a little curious, in reading over the papers relating to this transaction, to see how some of the party journals of the day in the United States censured the minister for his interferance in foreign concerns; and foretold, very confidently, that he would be rebuked by the French government. And the London Times, of May 16, 1842, states, with apparent exultation, that the venerable patriot, who has just been called from among us, (Mr. Adams,) said in Congress that he regretted Gen.

"Should have so completely forgotten the wholesome rules of the founders of his country as to interfere, without instructions from his government, in a delicate negotiation between the great powers of Europe."

This "delicate negotiation" directly involved one of the most precious rights of the Udisavowed all designs of doing anything what- ward as a compromise candidate, and, after rican, that it is worthy of record: ever unfriendly to the United States.

On the 17th of September following this transaction, the news of the ratification of the Ashburton treaty reached Paris, and Governor democracy was held, at which Gen'l Cass, in because they inspire me with any fear, but Cass immediately resigned. His reasons for so doing we gather from the following extracts of letters to Mr. Webster:

"It is unnecessary to push these considerations further; and in carrying them thus far, I have found the task an unpleasant one .-Nothing but justice to myself could have induced me to do it. I could not clearly explain my position here, without recapitulation. My protest of 13th February, distinctly asserted that the United States would resist the pretention of England to search our vessels. I avowed at the same time, that this was but my personal declaration, liable to be confirmed or disavowed by my government. I now find a treaty has been concluded between Great Britain and the United States which provides for the co-operation of the latter in efforts to abolish the slave trade, but which contains no renunciation by the former of the extraordinary pretensions, resulting, as she said, from the exigencies of these very ef forts; and which pretension I felt it to be my duty to denounce to the French government. In all this, I presume to offer no furtder judgment than as I am personally affected by the course of the proceedings, and I feel they have placed me in a false position, whence I can escape but my returning home with the least possible delay. I trust, therefore, that the President will have felt no hesitation in granting me the permission which I asked for."

In December, 1842, General Cass returned to the United States. He was received by the citizens of Boston and New York with every demonstration of respect. His bold stand on the quintuple treaty had excited the feelings to the west, he was received at Harrisburg, Pennsylvania, and Columbus, Ohio, by the triumphal procession of a conqueror, than the fil their just expectations. Governors and Legislators of those States, peaceful attendants of a private citizen. who came out to meet him, and escorted him gislature, city authorities, and people came ber, are taken from the democratic newspaper only government in exi-tence which no revoout to welcome him home, as children wel- published at that place: come the return of a long absent father. On the performance of its constitutional functions." and opposed to altering the constitution by abolishing the Executive veto; that he should that he would support the nominee of that

On the 4th of July, 1843, Gen. Cass deliv of the Old World, he says:

glory excites are powerful, they are melanpresent, and without hope for the future.-But here we are in the freshness of youth, and can look forward with rational confidence glory."

In the summer of 1843, General Cass received the following letter from General Jack-

"HERMITAGE, July, 1843. "MY DEAR SIR: I have the pleasure to ac-25th of May last. It reached me in due course of mail; but such were my debility and affliction, that I have been prevented from replying to it until now; and even now, it is with great difficulty that I write. In return for your kind expressions with regard to myself, I have to remark, that I shall ever recollect, my dear General, with great satisfaction, the relations, both private and official, which sub-

"But what has endeared you to every true Great Britain obtained the sanction of France to this treaty—with the late disgraceful treaty on Foreigh Affairs, which, however, he declined. On two subsequent occasions, the wind the idle wind. You might as well stand by safety—then, indeed, we might have hung has uniformly declined it.

responsibility, we are indebted for the shield the condition of our affairs with Great Britain, thrown over us from the impending danger growing out of the Oregon question. These which the ratification of the quintuple treaty resolutions he supported in a speech, of which by France would have brought upon us. For this act, the thanks of every true American, and the applause of every true republican, are yours; and for this noble act, I tender you my "As to receding, it is neither to be discussthanks.

"I admired the course of Dr. Linn in the Senate, in urging his Oregon bill; and I hope his energy will carry it into a law at the next session of Congress. This will speak to England a language which she will understandthat we will not submit to be negotiated out of our territorial rights hereafter. "Receive assurances of my friendship and ANDREW JACKSON.

"To the Hon. Lewis Cass." In the spring of 1844, Gen. Cass, in reply etter declaring himself in favor of the annex-

ation of Texas. In the month of May following, the Demosummation of such a project was not to inter- President. On the first balloting, Gen. Cass fere with other nations, but to prevent other received eighty-three votes, and continued to

two ballotings, received the nomination. On the day that the news of the nomination invitation of the Nashville committee, and the firing of cannon, and was received with every demonstration of popular enthusiasm. Of this speech there, a leading paper says:

quent and powerful speech that was made by the stormy ocean of political oppression, to such, and to transfer to another, created by Gen'l Cass, for we felt that nothing short of follow us to a haven of safety and of rational the people for a special purpose, and foreign its publication entire, word for word, and sen- liberty. No English Titus will enter our tem- to the subject-matter involved in this issue tence for sentence, as he uttered it to admiring ple of freedom through a breach in the battle- By going back to our true principles, we go thousands, would do him a full measure of ments, to bear thence the ark of our constitujustice. It was the master effort of a great tion, and the book of our law, to take their statesman, and the popular thunders of ap- stations in a triumphal procession in the streets question, to adjust it upon their own responplause with which it was received by the fif- of a modern Rome, as trophies of conquest and y acres of freemen in attendance, rung thro' proofs of submission. the valleys, and reverberated from hill to hill. exceeding anything that we had ever heard the augury has failed, and the republic has

Jackson at the Hermitage. When they parted, Cassandras, but we have still increased, in vor of Gen. Cass for the presidency with a uthe scene was most impressive and affecting. political prosperity, as we have increased in An eye-witness remarks, "The tears of the years, and that, too, with an accelerated proveterans were mingled together as they bade gress unknown to the history of the world. each other a last farewell."

Gen'l Cass took the tour of the States of Ohio, sings around us, and forever apprehensive of with him as the candidate their State could be Indiana, and Michigan. He everywhere met some great political evil, which is to arrest the people. He was hailed as the father of the millenium. To them we are the image of the West. But a great change had been ef- gold, and silver, and brass, and clay, contrafected since first he came among them. The liety in unity, which the first rude blow of lofty forests which he then traversed were misfortune is to strike from its pedestal. now fruitful fields; the lonely cabins which "For my own part, I consider this the strongof the people in his favor, and he was every he protected from the fire-brand of the savage est government on the face of the earth for sidency. In the Democratic State Convention where hailed as the champion of the freedom were transformed into populous cities; the In- good, and the weakest for evil. Strong, be- of Pennsylvania, held at Harrisburg on the of the seas, and the rights of American citi- dian war path was converted into the railroad; cause supported by the public opinion of a 4th of March, 1848, a resolution, in the highzens. At New York he was addressed upon the harbors upon the lakes and rivers which people inferior to none of the communities of est degree complimentary to Gen. Cass, was political subjects, to which he furnished a he first surveyed were now the seats of com- the earth in all that constitutes moral worth unanimously reported by the committee, and brief reply, stating his unshaken attachment merce and of wealth; and the scattered populand useful knowledge, and who have breath- adopted with acclamation by the convention. to the principles of the democratic party, and lation which he governed were now a great ed into their political system the breath of life; his hostility to a national bank. On his route people. The crowds which attended his pro- and who would destroy it, as they created it, public demonstrations and the journals which gress through those States seemed rather the if it were unworthy of them, or failed to ful-

the 8th of January, he was addressed by a were being introduced to Gen'l Cass, one of lic will requires. Plots and insurrections, and committee of the Democratic State Convention our citizens approached the General, and ask- the various struggles by which an oppressed fellow-men, he is, in every sense of the word, of Indiana, upon political questions, to which ed if he remembered him. Upon replying that population manifests its sufferings and seeks A DEMOCRAT. he replied at length, declaring himself against he did not, he gave the following account of the recovery of its rights, have no place here. a national bank, opposed to the distribution of their first meeting: 'In the spring of 1813, We have nothing to fear but ourselves." the proceeds of the public lands; opposed to a Fort Meigs was besieged by the British and The part taken by Gen. Cass in the subse tariff for protection, "that the revenue should Indians, and the militia of Ohio were called quent exciting controversy on this question, be kept to the lowest point compatible with out to the relief of the fort. Gen. Cass was and his vote in opposition to the treaty, are appointed to the command. Six thousand as- too well known to require further notice. Havsembled at Upper Sandusky, of whom two ing been trained in the school which taught thousand were selected to proceed on to the him, in our intercourse with foreign nations. not be a candidate for the presidency, unless fort. The marshes and woods were filled with to ask for nothing but what is right, and subnominated at the Baltimore Convention; and water, making the roads almost impassable. mit to nothing that is wrong, he had the mor-The commanding general had not yet arrived, all courage to stand up for the right, whatever but was daily expected. On the second day might be the consequences. of the march, a young soldier, from exposure During this session of Congress, hostilities ered an oration at Fort Wayne, Indiana, on to the weather, was taken sick. Unable to commenced between the United States and the completion of the Wabash and Erie canal. march in the ranks, he followed along in the the republic of Mexico. Gen. Cass advoca-In this oration, while contrasting the condition rear. When at a distance behind, attempting ted the most energetic measures for a vigorand prospects of this country with the nations with difficulty to keep pace with his comrades, ous prosecution of the war, and for carrying the Old World, he says:
"I have stood upon the plain of Marathon, the other the colonel of his regiment. On In the winter of 1847, the "Wilmot Prov the battle-field of liberty. It is silent and de- passing him, the colonel remarked, 'General, so' was introduced into the Senate, as an asolate. Neither Greek nor Persian is there to that poor fellow there is sick; he is a good mendment to the three million bill, by a fedegive life and animation to the scene. It is fellow though, for he refuses to go back, but ral Senator from New England. The design bounded by steril hills on one side, and lash- I fear that the Indians will scalp him, or the of the mover was evidently to defeat the pass ed by the eternal waves of the Egean sea on crows pick him, before we get to Fort Meigs. age of the bill to which it was to be attached. the other. But Greek and Persian were once The officer halted and dismounted from his and to embarrass the administration in the there, and that decayed spot was alive with horse. When the young soldier came up, he prosecution of the war. Gen. Cass voted ahostile armies, who fought the great fight addressed him: 'My brave boy, you are sick gainst the proviso, for reasons given in his which rescued Greece from the yoke of Persia. and tired, I am well and strong, mount my speech on the occasion. And I have stood upon the hill of Zion, the horse and ride.' The soldier hesitated. 'Do

sufferings and crucifixion and ascension. But on his horse, with directions to ride at night treasury were established. It is not alone to the sceptre has departed from Judah, and its to the general's tent, he proceeded on foot to the exclusive champion of free trade, and the glory from the capitol of Solomon. The As- join the army. At night, the young soldier ultra advocate of a hard-money currency, that syrian, the Egyptian, the Greek, the Roman, role to the tent, where he was met by the the opponents of protection, and the enemies er prices than the common BRUSHES USHALL OF the Arab, the Turk, and the Crusaders, have General with a cheerful welcome, which he of a paper currency, are to look for the defeat fered for sale. Varnish brushes, Blenders, and passed over this chief place of Israel, and reit repaid with tears of gratitude. That officer of those measures. Such men are usually in it of its power and beauty. In those regions was Gen'l Cass, and the young soldier was the pursuit some theoretical abstraction, which of the East where society passed its infancy, the person addressing him, our worthy fellow- gives them but little influence with practical it seems to have reached decrepitude. If the citizen, John Laylin.' The General rememmen. But it is to men of enlarged and liberal ALSO, a fresh supply of Drugs, Chemicals, &c. associations which the memory of their past bering the circumstance, immediately recog- views, whose strength of character and influnized him. Mr. Laylin remarked, 'General, ence carry conviction with their action, that

to ages of progress in all that gives power to being introduced to Gen. Cass, exclaimed, with close of that Congress, General Cass was inman and dignity to human nature. It is bet- much animation, 'General, I thank God that vited, by the democratic members of the leg's. ter to look forward to prosperity than back to I am able to see you! I fought by the side lature of New York, to partake of a public of your father, Jonathan Cass, and your uncle, dinner at Albany, as a mark of their appreci-Daniel Cass, at the battle of Bunker's Hill. - ation of his brilliant public services, and their Your father was sergeant of the company, and estimation of his character as a man. This I was a corporal. We were brothers together honor, however, he declined. his sake.' The General was deeply affected dress before the literary societies of Dartmouth knowledge your very friendly letter of the in meeting the friend and companion of his College, New Hampshire, at the annual comfather; while the old veteran, with eyes spark- mencement of that institution. The societies ling, recounted the scenes through which they afterwards prepared an elegant gold-headed the Courts of North Carolina will be acknowledge--the times that 'tried men's souls'"

three to witness it."

Another anecdote of Gen'l Cass, while on March, 1848. sisted between us during the greater part of ling the General, said: "I can't let you pass as he had been unanimously selected, he conmy administration. Having full confidence without speaking to you. You don't know sidered it his duty to accept. His course as in your abilities and republican principles, I me, General?" Gen. C. replied that he did Chairman of that Committee, and his views

invited you to my cabinet; and I can never not. "Well, sir, (said he,) I was the first man upon the war question, have been seen in the lorget with what discretion and talents you in your regiment to jump out of the boat on daily proceedings of the Senate. The followmet those great and delicate questions which the Canadian shore." "No you were not, ing brief reply to Mr. Mangum is probably as Together with a large lot of Ploughs, Corn-Mills, were brought before you whilst you presided (said Gen. Cass.) I was the first man myself over the Department of War, which entitled on shore." "True, (said the other,) I jumped given: you to my thanks, and will ever be recollec- out first into the river, to get ahead of you, ted with the most lively feelings of friendship but you held me back, and got on shore anead

American, was the noble stand which you known. The vote of every Western State, hear it. I hope that the commanding general took, as our minister at Paris, against the save one, and that by a meagre majority, was will continue to go on in this way. If he does quintuple treaty; and which, by your talents, given for Mr. Polk. To the effortf of Gen'l so, I have no doubt he will conquer Mexican energy, and fearless responsibility, defeated Cass, and his great personal popularity exert-obstinacy, and thus conquer a peace. I have its ratification by France—a treaty intended ed in favor of Mr. Polk, much of this to be already expressed my opinions with regard to by Great Britain to change our international attributed. In the following winter, General the war in Mexico, and have nothing to say guns, or dogs, or fishing, in any manner whatevlaws, make her mistress of the seas, and destroy the national independence not only of States, and took his seat on the 4th of March, from North Carolina, what I had the honor to and the negroes saverely purished our country, but of all Europe, and enable 1845. In the formation of the committees of say to the Senator from South Carolina, that

the following is an extract, referring to the course which should be pursued in maintain-

ed nor thought of. I refer to it but to denounce it-a denunciation which will find a response in every American bosom. Nothing is ever gained by national pusillanimity. And the country which seeks to purchase temporary security by yielding to unjust pretensions, buys present ease at the expense of permanent honor and safety. It sows the wind, to rean the whirlwind. I have said elsewhere, what I will repeat here, that it is better to fight for the first inch of national territory than for the last. It is better to defend the door-sill than to interrogatories upon that subject, wrote a the hearth-stone—the porch than the altar.— National character is a richer treasure than in the hour of danger, which, if not power itnited States—that of sailing the ocean undisturbed and in peace. To prevent the con- to nominate candidates for President and Vice tarnished; and let us all join, however separated by party or by space, so to preserve it? In the month of March following, General ment and the blessings which they bring with nations from interfering with us. As to the rise till, on the seventh, he received one hun- Cass delivered his celebrated speech on the them." French government, it took no such view of dred and twenty-three votes. Had another Oregon question. As this speech has been the matter. The answer of M. Guizot to Gen. ballot been taken that day, Gen. Cass would, circulated and read very generally, a mere al-Cass was in a very good spirit. and exhibited without doubt, have been nominated. Before lusion to it here is all that would appear nethe best feeling to the United States. He sta- the assembling of the national convention on cessary; but the following extract expresses ted that the treaty had not been ratified, and the following day, Mr. Polk was brought for-

> "It pains me, sir, to hear allusions to the of Mr. Polk reached Detroit, a meeting of the solution of this confederacy. It pains me, not support to the nomination, and declared his ble word, as the Jews had of old, and that in their own way;" and that Congress has no readiness to enter the contest to secure its suc- word is 'dissolution.' We should eject the more power to abolish or establish slavery in cess. In pursuance to this, he accepted the feeling from our hearts, and its name from our such territories, than it has to regulate any tongues. This cry of "Wo, wo to Jerusawas present at the great Nashville convention | lem," grates harshly upon my ears Our Jein August. His arrival was announced by rusalem is neither beleaguered nor in danger. of master and servant. He said in conclu-It is yet the city upon the hill, glorious in what sion: it is-still more glorious, by the blessing of God, in what it is to be--a land-mark, invi-"We did not attempt a sketch of the elo- ting the nations of the world, struggling upon policy, having no relation to the Union as

"Many a raven has croaked in my day, but marched onward. Many a crisis has presen-Gen'l Cass spent some time with General ted itself to the imagination of our political We have a class of men whose eves are al-In compliance with the popular demand, ways upon the future, overlooking the bleswith the most enthusiastic reception from our course somewhere or other on this side of

"And weak for evil, from this very consid-

The following incidents at the public meet- eration, which would make its follies and its services, sterling integrity, and unflinching fito their towns. At Detroit, the governor, le- ing at Norwalk, Ohio, on the 17th of Septem- faults the signal of its overthrow. It is the delity, has pointed to him as THE MAN FOR "While a number of revolutionary soldiers it provides for its own change, when the pub-

It was during the session of this Congress choly. They are without gratification for the that act was not done for the world to look the country is indebted for radical and benefiupon; it was done in the woods, with but cial reforms. Gen. Cass gave to these great measures the wait of his influence, and his

during the war. God bless you, General, for In August following, he delivered an adpassed together in the days of danger and strife cane, with appropriate devices, which was ed. presented to him in Washington on the 4th of

his tour through Ohio, was related with much On the meeting of the present Congress, spirit by the late gallant and lamented Gen'l Cass was elected Chairman of the Com-Hamer. The carriage containing Gen'l Cass mittee on Military Affairs-a post for which was one day stopped by a man who, address- he was most eminently qualified, and which, good a summary of his opinions as can be

"Now, with respect to the progress of the war, it is said that General Scott is going on from town to town, and from city to city, con-The result of the contest in 1844, is well quering all before him. I am very glad to her to become the tyrant on every ocean. Had the Senate, Gen'l Cass was unanimously ten-Great Britain obtained the sanction of France dered the post of Chairman of the Committee with regard to any danger—if danger there be final character, and injurious to our national same position has been offered him, but he the cataract of Niagara, and say to its waters our harps upon the willows, and resigned our In December, 1845, Gen'l Cass introduced not territory, if they choose to annex it. It national independence to Great Britain. But, resolutions in the Senate relative to the national is the refusal of the Mexican people to do us For sale at

I repeat, to your talents, energy, and fearless tional defences, with particular reference to justice that prolongs this war. It is that which operates on the public mind, and leads the Senator from North Carolina to apprehend a state of things which he fears, but which, for myself, I do not anticipate. Let me say, Mr. President, that it takes a great deal to kill this rountry. We have had an alarming crisis almost every year as long as I can recollect. I

came on the public stage as a spectator before Mr. Jefferson was elected. That was a crisis. Then came the embargo crisis—the crisis of the non-intercouse—of the war—of the bank -of the tariff-of the removal of the deposites-and a score of others. But we have outlived them all, and advanced in all the elements of power and prosperity with a rapidity heretofore unknown in the history of nations. If we should swallow Mexico to-morrow, do not believe it would kill us. The Senator from North Carolina and myself may not live to see it, but I am by no means satisfied that the day will not come in which the whole of gold or silver, and exercises a moral influence the vast country around us will form one of the most magnificent empires that the world has yet seen-glorious in its prosperity, and still more glorious in the establishment and perpetuation of the principles of free govern-

In December, 1847, Gen. Cass gave his views at length upon the "Wilmot Proviso," in a letter to Mr. Nicholson, of Tennessee .-In that letter he avowed himself opposed to lation by Congress over any of the territories of the United States, respecting the domestic destruction of this government, and to the dis- relations of their inhabitants. He believed and one bottle often cures the worst cases: that all questions of that nature should be settled by the people themselves, who ought to be allowed "to regulate their internal concerns other of the relative duties of social life-that of husband and wife, of parent and child, or

"The Wilmot Proviso seeks to take from its legitimate tribunal a qustion of domestic policy, having no relation to the Union as such, and to transfer to another, created by the people for a special purpose, and foreign to the subject-matter involved in this issue—

By going back to our true principles, we go back to the road of peace and safety. Leave to the people who will be affected by this question, to adjust it upon their own responsition. sibility, and in their own manner, and we shall render another tribute to the original principles of our government, and furnish another guaranty for its permanence and prosperity.'

The Democratic State Convention of Ohio. on the 8th of January, 1848, declared in fananimity unequalled in the previous history of the State. Although there was much difference of opinion in the selection of a candidate for governor, yet the popular sentiment in favor of Gen. Cass, and the conviction that States of the Union, induced an almost unaniwas democratic by a majority of 1,563.) The tom. State Convention of Michigan has also unanimously placed him in nomination for the pre-It is not necessary to refer to the numerous have given expressions in his favor in New-England, the middle States, the west, and the south. Public opinion, looking to his brilliant THE TIMES, and the proper exponent of the A. merican democracy. Plain and unassuming in his manners, kind and generous to a fault.

JUST RECEIVED.

frank and social in his intercourse with his

Per Schr. L. P. Smith. BEAUTIFUL article of Infants' Caps for BEAUTIFUL article of infants Summer. Childrens' Coburg Hats; Boys Pedal Caps; and a few Ladies' Riding Caps, a new pattern. Also a full assortment of Gents Summer Hats. For sale on the most reasonable MYERS & BARNUM.

WHISKEY. 25 bbls N. O. Rectified Whiskey. For sale by HOWARD & PEDEN.

NOTICE. ONSIGNEES and owners of Goods, coming by any of the Packets consigned to my address, are hereby notified that they must attend to receiving them on their arrival, and during the and linen drill, drap de tae, cashmaret, bed tick, time the vessels are discharging, as I will not be responsible for any goods after being landed. GEORGE W. DAVIS.

October 16, 1846 OFFEE-40 bags prime Rio Coffee; 15 bags prime Laguira Coffee; just received and McKELLER & McRAE.

WINDOW GLASS. cits of Jerusalem, the scene of our Redeemer's not wait, said the officer; and, lifting him up- that the tariff of 1846, and the independent 14 x 10. Just received and for sale low at the old stand Drug Store.
PAINT BRUSHES.

15 doz. of the finest quality, assorted sizes, at low-

DAILY EXPECTED.

150 Kegs White Lead, pure extra and No. 1. Orders from Phecians and country merchants

promptly attended to. May 17, 1848.—[36] WM. SHAW.

"Another: Our old friend Major Parks, on zealous, and unflinching support. At the Fire and Marine Insurance. Agency of the Protection Insurance Co., OF NEW JERSEY.

CAPITAL \$200,000: AVING been appointed agent of the above Company, for Wilmington and vicinity, I will issue Policies on cargoes, freights and vessels, and take Fire risks on as reasonable terms as any

other Institution. Any losses sustained will be promptly and honorably adjusted and paid, and in case of difference. A. MARTIN, Ag't.

CORN. Flour and Bacon. AN hand and tor sale.

1200 bushels large white Corn : 45 barrels fresh Fayetteville Flour; 6,000 lbs Bacon Hams, Sides and Shoulders; 1,000 bushels of that handsome Salt still on

[band: 50 Sacks Corn-Shellers and Straw-Cutters. We would say to the public by way of filling up, that we have made arrangements to connect the Corn trade with our present business; therefore you may expect to find Fhur, Corn and Bacon with us at all times during the summer. KELLY & Mc CALEB.

NOTICE.

[al4-31-2m]

LL persons are no ified from hunting on my lands, formerly called the Edens lands, with er. If free negroes or slaves are caught with guns and the negroes severely punished.

ALSO, all wagoners, draymen, or cartmen, are notified not to trespass upon any of my vacant lots, from Boundary Street to the Dry Pond, and from thence back to the Newbern Road, under MILES COSTIN. the penalty of the law. Feb 11, 1848--[22-12m

FEATHERS. HOWARD & PEDEN'S. Late Mews.

CHEAP AND GOOD BOARD ING may be had at the BOCK SPRING HOTEL.

now opened under the superintendance of ALFRED ALDERMAN .-Having had the house completely cleansed, white-washed and painted, and furnished with NEW BEDS, BEDDING, and other furniture, I am ready to wait upon those who may favor me with lishment in Baltimore, a constant supply of articall. Come and see A. ALDERMAN.

6-12m October 22, 1847.

NO DECEPTION. NOT a week passes away without we have to record some of the most astonishing cures of long continued Asthma, Incipient Consumption, Bleed ing at the lungs, Bronchitis, Difficulty of Breathing, and various diseases to which the Lungs and

LIVERWORT. This great remedy is daily effect furnish, at prices that cannot fail to please -- and ting the most remarkable cures. Thousands have in a style of workmanship that cannot be surpasbeen restored, when dangerously afflicted, by the sed at the North or elscwhere. He will attend to inestimable virtues of this medicine. If you have a the delivery and putting up of all jobs that require cough, shortness of breath, asthma, spitting blood, his attention—thereby saving the purchaser the pain in the side, or any other sympton of consump- trouble of employing inexperienced men to put up tion, hasten and be cured by Dr. Taylor's Balsam Other remedies may quiet or full the disease, but he has no hesitation in saying that there will be a resort at once to this great balm, and you will be nett saving of 20 to 25 per cent in buying of him. at once cured.

For streagthening the system & eradicating all impurities, no medicine can equal it. The following certificates are only a sample of hundreds. We daily receive many testimonials in its favor, too numerous to make public. The dose is small,

and one notice often cures the work cases.

Great Cure for Consumption. For seven years I was afflicted with Consumption, & it seemed impossible for any thing to cure me. I had all the most aggravating symptoms, as night sweats, raising blood, violent and distance in a company pour in the side and chest, debility distressing cough, pain in the side and chest, debilit and want of appetite. I truly believe I could not hav lived but for the use of Dr. Taylor's Balsam of Live by restoring me to health. ALEX. SMITH Sexton of Rev. Mr. Matthew's church, Chrystie Sexton of Nev. Mr. matthew's church, chrysteest.

Consumption & Liver Complaint Cured! For 6 years

I suffered with these awful diseases, and from my heart

I feel for all similarly afflicted and I beg of them to try

Dr. Taylor's Balsam of Liverwort. This medicine cured

ne when I could not move in bed, and was not expected

Prepared by the proprietor, 73 Beekman-st New York. Beware of Counterfeits. The only genuine has the written signature of GEORGE TAYLOR, M. D, on the engraved label, and sold by LIPPITT & WILKINGS, also WM. SHAW, Druggists, Wilmington, N.C.

Orders addressed to the proprietor, 73 Beek man-st, New York, will receive prompt attention. 16-yc960mre4m

Carriages Repaired and Painted. THE undersigned would inform the public that he has located his shop for Repairing and Painting every description of Riding Vehiplaced among the foremost of the democratic cles, near the corner of Dock and Second streets He respectfully solicits a share of the public patmous expression in his favor. (At the last ronage; and he will always endeavor to give satelection in the State of Ohio, the popular vote isfaction to all who may favor him with their cus-

> His charges will be moderate, and the cash wi be acceptable, when the work is delivered. WM. WELLS.

My stables are situated on the corner of Printhe town. They are built of brick, and covered examine her goods before purchasing elsewhere. with tin, which makes them entirely fire-proof. They are large, commodious, and well construc

ted; and in every respect as comfortable and convenient as any Stables in the United States. I also have, (for the accommodation of Drovers,) a large and comfortable Lot, together with a basement under the Stables sufficient to hold one hundred horses, and shelter them well and comfortably. Horses, Carriages, and Buggies, kept constant-

My Hostlers cannot be surpassed in any country, and I therefore feel confident of giving entire satisfaction to those who favor me with their cus

I feel grateful to my friends and the public for their liberal patronage heretofore, and hope to merit a continuance of their custom.

H. R. NIXON. Wilmington, N. C., December 11, 1847. 14tf

NEW GOODS.

NOW OPENING AT THE OLD STAND. CALICOES, Muslins, (white and colored, ginghams, cottonades, striped and checked stuff for pants, Kentucky jeans, twedes, brown linen bear duck, osnaburgs, apron checks, bleached and brown shirting and sheeting, vestings, diapers and crash, silk and cotton hokfs., spool, skein, and ball cotton, pins and needles, pocket books, buttons, hooks and eyes, combs. knitting pins, suspenders. white, black, mixed, and slate cotton hose and half

hose, and gloves. A large lot of straw carriages and cradles, baskets, buckets, cedar and painted tubs and keelers, cocoa dippers, clothe horses and pins, flour pails, wooden boxes, painted, brass, and iron bound water buckets, axe helves, potato mashers, muddlers, towel rollers, rolling pins, boot jacks, wood bowls, washboards, mouse traps, nest's measures, barrel and half barrel covers, knife boxes, spool stands and boxes, matches and match safes, twine reels, bellows, and shaving boxes.

HARDWARE.

Collins', Simmons', and Davis' axes and hatchets, board axes, files, cooper's compasses, adzes, dowelling bitts, augurs, drawing knives, handsaws, rat traps, fire dogs shovels and tongs, trace chains, leading lines, bed cords, whitewash brushes, scrub brushes, sad irons, waffle irons, frying pans, door, trunk, pad, till, and cupboard locks, curry combs, candlesticks, cotton and wool cards, shoe brushes and blacking, shoe, butcher, pocket, and case knives, razors and straps, snuff boxes, hair brushes, tea and table spoons, hoes and rakes, hinges, cast ploughs, Sutton's wrought ploughs and Also, have constantly on hand a choice selec-

tion of Family Groceries, Wines, and Liquors, all of which will be sold extremely low for cash. PERRIN & HARTSFIELD.

To the Public. HE subscriber having been appointed, at the

last Term of New Hanover County Court, an Inspector of NAVAL STORES and PROVISIONS takes this method to inform those persons who may have any business in the above line to be transacted, that he will at all times be pleased to receive their custom. He hopes, by strict attention to business entrusted to him, that he will receive a liberal share of public patronage. Orders addressed to him from the country promptly attended to. J. E. BUNTING. March 24, 1848-[28-3m

COFFEE. 50 bags Coffee. For sale by HOWARD & PEDEN.

Perfumery and Fancy Articles. DHILOCOME OIL, Beef's Marrow, Cassada

Oil, Liquid Hair Dye, Maccassar and Bear's Oil, Bandolin for the hair, Jayne's Hair Tonic, Balm of Columbia, Extracts of Heliotrope, Jockey White, Toilet Powder in gilt boxes, &c. &c. For cale by LIPPITT & WILLKINGS, Druggists and Chemists. Jan 28]

WHARFAGE-Persons Wishing to land Tur pentine, Tar, Lumber, or other produce, can find room by applying to
Fab 181 McKELLAR & McRAE. Feb 18] WHITE LEAD.

A fine lot of Pure Extra, and No. 1 White Lead in Oil. Por sale by LIPPITT & WILLKINGS. Druggists and Chemists.

MARBLE YARD.

AT WILMINGTON, N. C. THE subscriber takes this method of informis the citizens of New Hanover and the surround ing counties that he has established the above business, in all its variety, in the building known as the Carriage Repository, next door to Mrs. Cowan's, on Market street, where he will be constantly receiving from one of the most extensive manufactories in New York, as well as from an estabcles in his line-consisting in part of

MONUMENTS .

Plain and Box Tombs; Head and Foot Stones Fire Places; Mantel Pieces; Bureau and Centre Table Tops; Pastry Slabs; Imposing Stones; Form Tables; Paint Stone and Mullars; Window and Door Sills and Lintels.

In short every article required, either of Italian, throat are subject, by DR. TAXLOR'S BALSAN OF Egyptian, or American Marbles, he is prepared to a job after it has been bought at the North; and together with the assurance of having the work sound-not running the risk of breaking by shipping from a distance. The public are respectfully invited to call and examine his stock and judge for themselves. Orders by mail or otherwise, from the country, will be attended to, and charges the the country, will be attended to, and charges the country, will be attended to and charges the work in the printing line would do well to give us same as if ordered in person, and instructions im-S. R. FORD. plicitly obeyed. Agents for Duplin County, at Kenansville, I.

B. & J. J. KELLY. For Sampson County, at Clinton, J. & W Jounson, with whom all orders can be left. May 12, 1848--[35-tf

RAPHAEL'S PATENT ELASTIC BANDS, Warranted not to be affected by the Cold or Heat of the various Seasons or Climates.

THESE RINGS or BANDS are used instead

Parcels of every description. One of these Rings is instantly placed round a packet of papers, a roll of maps, prints, mu-ic, &c., holding the same firmly and securely, saving fered to the public. They are effectual remedies the time and trouble of tying, yet allowing of very

ompactness. selected which requires little stretching;) also for the waist and different parts of the body; Surgical itch, scrofula, all kinds of fever, &c. &c. bandages, and for a variety of Surgical and man-

ufacturing purposes. These Bands are also very suitable for fastening the covers of preserve and pickle jars, bottles,

In addition to the above, there is a great variety of uses, too numerous to mention, for which these Bands may be applied with advantage, and new applications will constantly suggest themselves I they will again be in Market with a large and when in use. Sold by L. H. PIERCE, Bookseller, Wilmington, N. C. [29-3m]

New Spring

MILLINERY GOODS. and STAPLE GOODS. Her stock has been try. Ice will be carefully packed, and pro New Livery Sta-laid in with great care, and comprises the largest assortment ever before offered in this market. Her goods are offered for sale at lower rates than simi-lar articles can be because the same and same and same are offered for sale at lower rates than simi-New Livery Sta- laid in with great care, and comprises the largest forwarded. bles .-- FIRE PROOF .- assortment ever before offered in this market. Her to receive horses at livery, by the day, week, or Store in the place. She deems it unnecessary to state in an advertisement the various articles she has for sale, but respectfully invites those in want cess and Third-streets, directly opposite the Court- of any article in the Millinery line to give her a bouse, and very convenient to the business part of call at her store on Front near Market street, and

March 31, 1848--[29-tf

A Question FOR THE PUBLIC TO DECIDE. (AN it be expected that Merchants and Drug-gists, who lend themselves to palm off upon the public their base imitations and counterfeit medicines, in prescrence to the genuine, merely GIGS, SULKEYS, &c. because they can make more per cent on them, would deal honestly in selling other articles? We think not. Persons that deal out counterfeit medicines, and thus encourage counterfeiters, even at notice and in the neatest manner, for cash only. the expense of the health and life of their custom-

ers and neighbors, are they honest or honorable men? No. And they should be avoided. REMEMBER, Wm. Shaw is agent, and has for sale, the following PATENT MEDICINES. all of which he warrants genuine :--

Dr Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry Wistar's Balsam Bailey's Syrup

Townsend's Sarsaparilla; Sands' Sarsaparilla; Sands' Iodide Bailey's do: Wood's Sarsaparilla an Bull's Wild Cherry Bitters; Rowand's Tonic Mixture; Bailey's Tonic Mixture; Peery's Dead Shot Vermifuge; McMunn's Elixir Opium; Bailey's American Vermifuge; Dr Smith's Whooping Cough Syrup; Gray's Ointment; Allen's Vegetable Comp; Cheesman's Arabian Balsam; Moffatt's Phonix Bitters; Thompson's Eye Water; Carpenter's Comp. fluid Ext.; Thompson's Syrup Tar and Wood Naptha; Langley's Great Western Indian Panacea; Swaim's Panacea; Indian's do; Henry's calc'd Magnesia; Indian Cholagogue Uphum's Pile Electuary; Balsam Liverwort; Pease's Hoarhound Candy; Scarpa's Accoustic Oil; Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills; also, Peters', Leidy's, Moffatt's, Spencer's, Brandreth's, Beckwith's, Gordon's, and Lee's Pills; Copaiba Capsules; Copaiba and Cubeb Capsules; British Oil; Opodeldoc; Bateman's Drops; Carpenter's vances made when desired, on consignments for Extract Bark; Godfrey's Cordial; Badeau's Plaster, Shoemaker's do, Poor Man's do.

Drugs, Medicines, Chemicals, Paints, Oils, &c. consisting in part of 200 lbs refined Camphor; 100 ounces Quinine 50 gallons Copal, Coach, and Japan Varnishes;

Also, a full spring stock of

25 lbs Prussian Blue; 60 lbs Chrome Green; 50 lbs Chrome Yellow; 2000 lbs Spanish Brewn and Venetian Red; 24 boxes Pain Killer; 25 boxes Window Glass; Putty, in bladders; Paint 10th June. Persons making Turpentine in that and Whitewash Brushes; 100 kegs White Lead. Linseed Oil; Umber; Terra Lienna; Red Lead; Litharge; Vermillion; Rose Pink; Lamp Black; Sand Paper; Chalk; and every article in the Paint line. Paints ground, and Window Glass cut to order; -a large supply of fresh Spices-a good stock of choice Perfumery. CHOLOROFORM:

A pure article, always kept. CONGRESS WATER; Always fresh, in quarts and pints. Lamp shades & wicks: In variety. Fresh Schleitz and Soda Powders

of his own manufacture. Physicians and Country Merchants laying in spring supplies, will find they can purchase fresh goods at low prices, and on as accommodating terms, as at any other establishment in the State, the subscriber being desirous of maintaining the reputation so long enjoyed by the old stand Drug dide of Lead, Silver, Arsenic, Mercury, Chlo Zin

March 17, 1848.

MARBLE MONUMENTS And Grave Stone Agency. THE subscribers are appointed Agents for one

of the best and most extensive MARBLE MHE subscriber, at Dec. Term 1847, of the Count YARDS in Connecticut, and will receive orders of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, of New Hand for Marble Monuments or Grave Stones, either ver County, having qualified as administralettered or not, which will be furnished at the tor with the will annexed, of Thos. Devane, dec J. C. & R. B. WOOD, Builders and Contractors.

June 18, 1847 NOTICE. THE Corn and Turpentine Lands advertised to be sold in Elizabeth, during Court week

in May, is postponed until August term next, CEIVED, a large and fresh supply of Saratogs when they will be positively sold, unless previously disposed of at private sale. May 5, 1848.-[341f] E. J. BERNARD.

Law Notice.

MHE subscriber has resumed the duties profession, and will be found at his office door below G. J McRee's office EDW'D CANTWELL Wilmington, N. C., March 24, 1848. Prompt attention given to claims under

various Pension and Bounty Laws, passed to en. courage enlistments in the Regular Army and Volunteer Service of the United States

March 10, 1848-26-1 Raleigh Standard copy 3 times.

LIST OF BLANKS AND, and for sale at the JOURNAL OFFICE. County and Sup. Court Writs

do Fi. Fas. County Court Scire Facias Apprentice's Indentures Letters of Administrators Appeal Bonds Marriage License Juror's Tickets Guardian Bonds Peace warrants Administrator's do Constable's bonds Military Ca Sas Notes of hand Checks, Cape Fear Bank Land Deeds

do Subpænas

do Branch Bank of the Negro Bonds Warrants, Ca 84 State Notes, negotiable at bank Ca Sabonds Inspector's Certificates Bills Sale, Negro Certificates of Justices attending Court (C) Any blank wanted and not on hand will be printed with the utmost despatch.

Officers of the Courts and other officers, and all other persons, requiring blanks, or any other ed to execute our work well, and at the cheapes rates for cash. Call at the JOURNAL OFFICE J. T. SCHON WALD,

Botanic Physician, Murphy's building, 2d door from the corner of

Princess and Water-streets, North side. WOULD tender his thanks to the citizens of Wilmington and the surrounding country, for the very liberal patronage heretofore received, and respectfully informs the public that he still keep on hand a large and fresh stock of BOTANIC of Tape or String, for holding Papers and MEDICINES, of his own manufacture, of purch regetable composition. These medicines are universally known to possess virtues that have never been excelled by any series of medicines ever of for consumption. coughs, colds, croup, whoeping great addition or reduction without any loss of cough, cholera, cholera morbus, cholera infantum. cholic, gravels, liver and spleen complaints, dv. They are well adapted for Garters, (a size being pepsia. rheumatism, sick head-ach, piles, nerrous diseases, worms, tetter, and all diseases of the skin.

ALSO-On band and for sale at manufacturer prices, RHINEHEARDT'S patent glass pad double and single lever TRUSS for Hernia, Wilmington, July 16, 1847.

ICE--- I(E--- ICE ! To the Public.

MHE Subscribers beg to notity the Public, that constant supply of Fresh Pond Ice, from Boston, which will be sold at the lowest market prices, throughout the season. Our Ice House will be open every morning, from sunrise till breakfast bell-ring. Ice will alse

of the day. Citizens can procure it at any hour MRS. BRAMLET respectfully informs the La- of the night, (in case of sickness,) by calling on dies of Wilmington and the surrounding Mr. Shaw, at his House, on Second Street, a few country, that she has just received from the North her Spring and Summer stock of MILLINERY We solicit orders from our friends in the country.

be retailed from Shaw's Drug Store, at all hours

Thankful for past patronage, we hope again to merit the public support. We expect to open on the 1st of April.

N. B. A cargo is expected daily. SHAW & REPITON. March 3, 1848-[25-1f

CARRIAGES. Market Street, about 300 yards above the Episcopal Church.

THE subscriber has on hand a large and general assortment of CARRIAGES, which he offers for sale on the most reasonable term Among which may be found, COACHES, BA ROUCHES, ROCKAWAYS, CHARIOTEES DUNHAMS, PHAETONS, BUGGIES

Also, Harness of every description. All orders in the above line thakfully received and faithfully executed. Repairing done at short ALSO-Saddles: Bridles: Martingales: Bits;

Trunks ; Carpet Bags, &c. &c., Which will be sold very low.

ISAAC WELLS.

January 21, 1848

NOTICE. Taxes! Taxes! Taxes! New Hanover county, that I have received from the Clerk of New Hanover County Court, the list of Taxable property for the year 1847, and hold it ready for their inspection. I also request them if they know of any lands, polls, or other Taxable property not givin in, to give me infol mation thereof; and I further request all persons who owe Taxes, to come forward and pay them,

without being dunned. OWEN FENNELL, Sh'ff. Wilmington, April 7, 1848--[30-tf.

Notice.

THE subscriber has opened an office in Parkley's block on Water St., for the transaction of a general Commission Business. Proper attention will be paid to the sale of merchandise any kind, as well as to the sale or shipment of any of the products of the country; and the usual adsale, or for shipment to my friends at the North. I have a good Naval Store yard and Warehouse. remote from the danger of fire and will make charges very moderate, where persons may desire to store temporally. W. O. JEFFREYS. May 5th, 1848.—[34tf

TO TURPENTINE MAKERS IN DUPLIN. AM now locating two large Stills at Sarecta, and shall have them in operation by 1st to region, can rely on disposing of it at all times al

Wilmington, May 5th .-- [34tf To the Public. TAKE this method of informing the public that I now occupy the Livery Stables formerly occupied by Mr. H. R. NIXON, and solicit the patronage of the public generally. All persons who may favor me with a call, may rest assured that their horses will be promptly attended to, 25 I flatter myself that I have the best of Ostlers.

fair prices. My business there will be conducted

by Mr. Wm. E. Hyde. W. O. JEFFREYS.

Also a large Lot for the accommodation W. T. J. VANN. April 23d, 1847.-[32tr

Chemicals. ULPH. Quinine, Sulph. Morphia, soluble trate of Iron, Citrate of Iron and Quinine, ci, Citric Acid, Piperine, Strychnine, Teroc Pot

ass, Di Arsenits of Quinine, Valerianate of Zinc, Chloroform, Pure. For sale by
a14 LIPPITT & WILLKINGS.

NOTICE.

duly authenticated within the time prescribed law, or this notice will be pleaded in Lar of the OWEN FENNELL. Adm'r. recovery. With the will annexed Dec. 24, 1847-15-6m

hereby gives notice to all persons indebted to said

CONGRESS WATER.-JUST RE-Water, in quarts and pints. For sale by LIPPITT 4 WILLKINGS. Druggists and Chemists. m5]

March 31 by McKELLER & McRAE.

Mobile March 31 by McKELLER & McRAE.

Mobile Mob

Pain